

Indexing Art Information: Using Getty Vocabularies

Patricia Harpring Managing Editor, Getty Vocabulary Program

revised June 2022





Table of Contents

- Preface 3
- What are Getty Vocabularies? 5
 - AAT 21
 - ULAN 24
 - TGN 26
 - IA 28
 - CONA 30
- Basics of Indexing 34

- Display vs. Indexing 44
- Specificity and Exhaustivity 55
- ...Specificity 56
- ...Exhaustivity 78
- Precoordination and Post-coordination 91
- Uncertainty and Ambiguity 96
- Knowable vs. Unknowable 117
- Indexing Subject for Access 125
- Sample Scenarios 132
- How to Find Terms in Vocabularies 136
- Indexing Exercises 140

www.getty.edu/research/tools/vocabularies/index.html

PREFACE

 This presentation is a brief overview of the Getty Vocabularies, AAT, TGN, ULAN, CONA and IA,

followed by an introduction to using the Vocabularies for indexing (i.e., assigning terms to your materials to facilitate retrieval)

- For full discussions of the Getty Vocabularies, see the vocabulary Web pages, Editorial Manuals, and other presentations on the vocabulary training page.
- <u>http://www.getty.edu/research/tools/</u> <u>vocabularies/index.html</u>

plore the Getty 🔻		Getty360 Blo	g Connect with Us Shop	Q †	
	The Getty	Research	Institute	1	
Exhibitions & Event	s Special Collections Library	Search Tools & Databases	Scholars & Projects Public	cations A	
				🖨 P	
Search Tools & Databases					
Primo Search	Training Materials			Have	
 Getty Research Portal 	The demonstrate static second in a			🖂 Cor	
 Collection Inventories & Finding Aids 	The documents on this page include presentations and other training materials for the Art & Architecture Thesaurus (AAT)®, the Getty Thesaurus of Geographic Names				
Photo Archive	Art & Architecture Thesaurus (AAT)®, the Getty Thesaurus of Geographic Names (TGN)®, the Union List of Artist Names (ULAN)®, the Cultural Objects Name Authority				
Research Guides &	(CONA)®, Categories for the Description of Works of Art (CDWA), Cataloging Cultural				
Bibliographies	Objects (CCO), and standards in	n general. These materials	are subject to frequent		
Digital Collections	modification and addition.				
 Article & Research Databases 	Getty Vocabularies and Co	ntributing			
Collecting & Provenance	 Getty Vocabularies and Col Getty Vocabularies and Lin 	-			
Research BHA & RILA	 Standards: CDWA, Standards 		1aterials		
■ BHA & RILA ✓ Getty Vocabularies	 International Terminology 1 				
Art & Architecture					
Thesaurus (AAT) ®					
 Cultural Objects Name 	Getty Vocabularies and Contril	buting			
Authority (CONA) ®	Presentations describing the his	-	istics of the Getty		
 Getty Thesaurus of Geographic Names (TCN) (9) 	Vocabularies and how to contrib		-		
Geographic Names (TGN) ® ▶ Union List of Artist Names	Contributing to the Getty Vocab		2,		
(ULAN) ®	the Editorial Guidelines. For com		controlled vocabularies, see		
Contribute	Introduction to Controlled Vocabu	liaries.			
 Editorial Guidelines 	Introduction to Controlled	Vocabularies: Companion F	Presentation (rovised		
 Getty Vocabularies as 	2015) (PDF, 7 MB, 92pp)	vocabularies, companion i	resentation (revised		
Linked Open Data	 Brief Overview of the Getty 	Vocabularies (revised 20	(PDF, 4.8 MB, 68pp)		
 Frequently Asked Questions Obtain the Cetty 	Multilinguality and Translat				
 Obtain the Getty Vocabularies 	 Contributing to the Getty V 	-			
 Training Materials 	Indexing Using the Getty V				
	AAT: Introduction and Over				
	TGN: Introduction and Ove				
	ULAN: Introduction and Ov				
	CONA: Introduction and Ov	verview (revised 2015) (P	PDF, 13 MB, 236pp)		
	Developing Authorities Wo				
	CONA and Subject Access				
	Glossary and Bibliography				
		Overview of Our Work (PD			

www.getty.edu/research/tools/vocabularies/index.html

PREFACE

 For basic information on vocabularies, see Introduction to Controlled
 Vocabularies
 (Harpring, Baca editor, revised 2013) and its bibliography

Translated in Portuguese

Patricia Harpring Series edited by Murtha Baca

This primer on the characteristics, scope, uses, and methods for building and maintaining controlled vocabularies for art and cultural materials explains how vocabularies should be integrated in cataloging systems; utilized for indexing and retrieval; and structured to group synonyms and arrange concepts into categories.





What Are the Getty Vocabularies?



Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

stained glass pot-metal glass

rose window Catherine wheel



lancets Medieval Gothic tracery bar tracery

- Getty Vocabularies gather related terms, other information, and links to improve access to information about art and other cultural heritage materials
- Used for indexing, retrieval, knowledge bases

Getty

https://www.getty.edu/research/tools/vocabularies/ Getty Vocabularies

Enabling digital art history

GIS and maps











(e.g., *Diospolis, Acalán, Ottoman Empire, Mogao, Ch'ien-fu-tung, Ganges River, iनग नदी*) **ULAN**, *Union List of Artist Names*® includes names, relationships, notes, sources, and biographical information for artists, architects, firms, studios, repositories, patrons, and other individuals and corporate bodies, both named and anonymous; may include coreferences to other resources for same entity (e.g., *Mark Rothko, Cai Xiang, 蔡襄, Crevole Master, Riza Abbasi, Altobelli & Molins, Rajaraja Museum*)

• IA, Getty Iconography Authority[™] includes proper names, relationships, and dates for iconographical narratives, religious or fictional characters, historical events, names of literary works and performing art; special focus on non-Western with coreferences to other resources including Iconclass for Western (e.g., Viaggio dei Re Magi, Flood of Deucalion, French Revolution, Olouaipipilele, Xibalba, Niflheim, fora, Shiva, Bouddha couché)

CONA, Cultural Objects Name Authority[®] focuses on architecture, multiples, and works depicted in other works; includes titles, artist attribution, creation dates, relationships, and location for works whether extant or destroyed (new contribution: 70,000 works from BWR) (e.g., Chayasomesvara Temple, Hagia Sofia, Αγία Σοφία, The Lacemaker, La Dentellière, Merlettaia, Lion Throne Room, 神奈川沖浪, Great Wave, Die große Welle,)

What Are the Getty Vocabularies?

- The Getty Vocabularies contain structured terminology for art, architecture, decorative arts, archival materials, visual surrogates, art conservation, and bibliographic materials.
- They represent over 40 years of continuing international collaborative scholarship
- From their inception, the Getty Vocabularies were designed to be linkable to each other and to the broader realm of cultural heritage information
- With the release of the Getty Vocabularies as Linked Open Data (LOD), the Getty became a leader in advancing the possibilities of technology to enable research and discovery of information about art, architecture, conservation, and other cultural heritage
- The Getty Vocabularies are entering a new world of seemingly limitless possibilities in digital scholarship

Getty

What Are the Getty Vocabularies?

- In a global environment where we strive to be more open and equitable, while maintaining high standards for scholarship and research, Getty Vocabularies can be tools to facilitate such goals for art history and related disciplines
- Longstanding goals of the Getty Vocabulary Program are to make AAT, TGN, ULAN, CONA, and IA ever more multilingual, multicultural, and inclusive, focusing also on diversity, equity, unbiased and antiracist terminology, and accessibility

Features of the Getty Vocabularies

- Structured, linked vocabularies: AAT, TGN, ULAN, CONA, IA
- <u>**Relationships</u>**: Thesauri, 3 relationships: equivalence (synonyms), hierarchical (broadernarrower), associative (btwn records, not hierarchical)</u>
- **<u>Standards-compliant</u>**: Comply with standards for controlled vocabularies (ISO, NISO)
- <u>Authoritative</u>: Vocabularies cite authoritative sources and contributors; but not authoritarian (may use variant terms)
- <u>Scope</u>: Getty Vocabularies strive to be ever more multilingual, multicultural, and inclusive, within scope of visual arts
- <u>**Target Domain</u>**: Traditional audience (art and architecture domains: visual resources, catalogers, museums), plus scholars, and related disciplines (archaeology, conservation)</u>
- <u>Collaborative</u>: Grow through contributions from expert user community: institutions, consortia, and projects

Features of the Getty Vocabularies

<u>Coreferences</u>: They contain coreferences to other resources where topics overlap (e.g., ULAN http://vocab.getty.edu/page/ulan/500337743 =

LOC <u>https://lccn.loc.gov/nr2002038798</u>)

- <u>How unique</u>: Getty Vocabularies are unique in their global coverage of the defined domain of visual arts, in citing published sources and contributors, in allowing interconnections among historical and current information, in accommodating the sometimes debated and ambiguous nature of art historical information, and in allowing complex relationships within and between Vocabularies
- <u>**Rich knowledge bases:</u>** They are not simple 'value vocabularies' or authorities; they are rich 'knowledge bases' in themselves, intended for research and discovery</u>
- <u>Minimum vs rich</u>: Although each Vocabulary requires a small set of minimum data, the data model allows for rich data that may be exploited for research and discovery

• <u>Multicultural</u>: Getty Vocabularies strive to be ever more multilingual, multicultural, and inclusive etty

Accessing the Getty Vocabularies

- History of the Getty Vocabularies
 - The AAT, ULAN, and TGN were begun in the mid-1980s
 - To meet the needs of the art museum, visual resources, archives, and art library communities
 - Authoritative vocabularies to aid in the indexing and retrieval of art information
 - CONA development began in 2004; IA development was part of CONA
 - AAT, ULAN, TGN, CONA, and IA have same core data structure and same core editorial rules
 - Vocabulary Program and Getty Digital technical team provide instruction for use of and contribution to the Getty Vocabularies at conferences and in online training materials

Accessing the Getty Vocabularies

- Compiled, merged, edited, and published by the Getty Vocabulary Program and Getty Digital technical team; refreshed every two weeks
- Open Data Commons Attribution License (ODC-By) v1.0
- More open license, allows sharing, creation, adaptation of data with attribution
- Data is made available in various ways: via online searching; Web services APIs; relational tables and XML format annual releases
- Linked Open Data: structured and published to make it openly accessible and shareable on the Semantic Web



Accessing the the Getty Vocabularies

- Getty Vocabularies are <u>thesauri</u> compliant with national (NISO) and international (ISO) standards for thesaurus construction
- They are compliant with / map to other standards:
 - CDWA (Categories for the Description of Works of Art)
 - CCO (Cataloging Cultural Objects)
 - VRA Core (Visual Resources Association core categories)
 - LIDO (Lightweight Information Describing Objects)
 - CIDOC CRM (CIDOC Conceptual Reference Model) (ISO 21127:2006)
 - o etc.

Getty

What Are Controlled Vocabularies?

- A controlled vocabulary is an organized arrangement of words and phrases
- Typically includes preferred and variant terms
- Has a defined scope or describes a specific domain

Purpose of Controlled Vocabularies

- To provide terminology to catalog and retrieve information
 - To capture the richness of variant terms
 - For some users, to promote consistency in assignment of the same terms to similar content
 - For some users, in retrieval, to utilize variants, broader/narrower contexts, and other rich data and links
 - For other users, as a resource for researching variant names and rich contextual information

Controlled Vocabularies vs. Controlled Format

- Controlled vocabularies are organized sets of controlled terminology values (often with other information as well)
- Controlled format refers to rules concerning the allowable data types and formatting of information

- Fields may have controlled format in addition to being linked to controlled vocabulary
- Or the controlled format may exist in the absence of any finite controlled list of acceptable values

Controlled Vocabularies vs. Controlled Format

Controlled format

 May govern the expression of Unicode or other characters in either a free-text field or in a field that is linked to a controlled vocabulary

- Also for fields where numbers or codes are used
- E.g., recording measurements, geographic coordinates
- May regulate the number of digits allowed, the expression of decimals and negative numbers, etc.,
- Ideally in compliance with ISO, NISO, or another appropriate standard

Controlled Vocabularies vs. Controlled Format

Which fields here are controlled format, which use controlled vocabulary?

display	Materials/Techniques Description: egg-tempera paint with tooled gold-leaf					
indexing with	halos on panelRole: mediumMaterial Name: egg tempera gold leafRole: supportMaterial Name: wood panel					
controlled terms	Technique Name: painting gold tooling					
display	Dimensions Description: comprises 10 panels; overall: 280 x 215 x 17 cm (110 1/4 x 84 5/8 x 6 3/4)					
indexing with	Extent: components Value: 10 Type: count Value: 280 Unit: cm Type: height					
controlled format	Value: 215Unit: cm Type: widthValue: 17Unit: cm Type: depth					

Getty

Types of Controlled Vocabularies

 Most controlled vocabularies in art indexing are structured vocabularies

• Structured vocabulary = emphasizes relationships

Relationships in General

Connections between terms and between concepts

Are a *rose window* and a *Catherine wheel* the same thing? How is *pot-metal glass* related to the more general term *stained glass*?

- Between equivalents (synonyms)
- Other relationships = hierarchical and associative (links that organize concepts and provide context)

Types of Controlled Vocabularies

The most common types of controlled vocabularies used for art and architecture information

- subject heading lists
- simple controlled lists
- synonym ring lists
- taxonomies
- Thesauri
- The Getty Vocabularies are thesauri

What Is a Thesaurus?

- Thesaurus: A semantic network of unique concepts
- Thesauri may be monolingual or multilingual
- Thesauri may have the following three relationships:
 - Equivalence Relationships
 - Hierarchical Relationships
 - Associative Relationships





hierarchical

amfoor amphorae arc-boutant brittleness Buddhism calligraphy emulsifier façades flying buttress 飛扶壁 lithographer litógrafos luchtbogen orthogonal plan Macedonian millwork Rinascimento ρριτολ stupa Sturzbecher travertine weft wrapping yastiks zeppelin Zigula zinc oxide



AAT, the Art & Architecture Thesaurus®

The AAT is a thesaurus containing generic terms, dates, relationships, sources, and notes for work types, roles, materials, styles, cultures, techniques, and other concepts related to art, architecture, conservation, other cultural heritage

• Generic terms, not proper names

oil paint, olieverf, acetolysis, sintering, orthographic drawings, Olmeca, Rinascimento, Buddhism, watercolors, asa-no-ha-toji, sralais

- AAT is multilingual; large translation projects are underway
- Conceptually organized from terms to describe abstract concepts to generic terms for concrete, physical artifacts
- Facets are the upper levels of the AAT structure
- AAT is not organized by subject matter or discipline





AAT, the Art & Architecture Thesaurus®

Sample record

ID: 300132869

Terms:

bobbin lace (pref, en) bone lace (en) cushion lace (en) 梭心蕾絲 (zh) 線軸編織花邊 (zh) kloskant (nl) dentelle aux fuseaux (fr) encaje de bolillos (es) encaje de bolillo (es) Klöppelspitze (de) Klöppelspitzen (de) Associative Relationships requires ... lace pillows (<textile fabricating tools and equipment>...Objects Facet) [300132869]

Hierarchical Relationships (poly)

.Objects Facet ... Visual & Verbal Communication Visual Works visual works (works) <visual works by material > needlework (visual works) lace (needlework) bobbin lace *Note:* With "needle lace," one of two primary types of handmade lace. It is characterized by being made by ...

Chinese (traditional) …… 與「針織蕾絲 (needle lace)」 同為主要的手工蕾絲, 其特色是以纏繞於線軸或梭心...

Dutch Een van de twee belangrijkste soorten met de hand vervaardigde kant; 'naaldkant' is ...

German Zusammen mit der "Nadelspitze" eine der wichtigsten...

Spanish Junto a "encaje a aguja", uno de los dos tipos principales de ...

Contributors: VP,CHIN,AS,RKD,IfM-SMB-PK,CDPB-DIBAM *Sources:* Earnshaw, Clabburn, Needleworker's Dictionary (1976); Identification of Lace, 2d ed. (1984); Ginsburg, Illustrated History of Textiles (1991)

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Contributors are cited

AAT records are merged information from multiple contributors

Getty

Vocabularies grow through contributions from the expert user community

All information in a Getty Vocabulary record is attributed to a contributor and cites the published sources

Getty

bobbin lace (preferred, C, U, LC, English-P, D, U, PI bone lace (<u>C,U,English,UF,U,N</u>) cushion lace (<u>C,U,English,UF,U,N</u>) lace, bobbin (<u>C,U,English,UF,U,N</u>) pillow lace (C,U,English,UF,U,) 梭心蕾絲 (<u>C,U,Chinese (traditional)-P,D,U,J</u> 線軸編織花邊 (<u>C,U,Chinese (traditional), VF,U,U</u>) 骨架花邊 (C,U,Chinese (traditional),UF,U,U) 枕墊花邊 (C,U,Chinese (traditional), F,U,U) suō xīn lěi sī (C.O.Chinese (transliterated Hanyu suo xin lei si (C,U,Chinese (transliterated Pinyin so hsin lei ssu (C,U,Chinese (transliterated Wad kloskant (C,U,Dutch-P,D,V,U dentelle aux fuseaux (<u>C, U, French-P, D, U, PN</u>) merletto a tombolo (C,U Italian-P,D,U,PN) encaje de bolillos (C,U,Spanish-P,D,U,PN) encaje de bolillo (<u>C,U,Spanish,AD,U,SN</u>) Klöppelspitze (<u>G,U,German,AD,U,SN</u>) Klöppelspitzen (C,U,German-P,D,U,PN)

Getty Conservation Institute (Los Angeles, California)

- Academia Sinica (Nankang, Taiwan)
- Netherlands Institute for Art History (RKD: Bureau AAT) (The Hague, The Netherlands)
- Centro de Documentación de Bienes Patrimoniales (Dirección de Bibliotecas, Archivos y Museos) (Santiago, Chile)
- Staatliche Museen zu Berlin
 Preussischer Kulturbesitz
 (Berlin, Germany)
- [Canadian Heritage Information Network (CHIN) (Gatineau, Quebec, Canada), Istituto Centrale per il Catalogo e la Documentazione (Rome, Italy)(ICCD)] and other contributors of partial translations; future translations in French, Italian, Portuguese, other languages

Achilles Painter Abasi, Riza ضا عباسی An Qi 安岐 Bartolo di Fredi Galleria degli Uffizi Gilbert & George Katsushika Hokusai Kicking Bear Master of Boí Méraud, Pierre-Antoine, père Ngapatari, Hakaraia O'Keeffe, Georgia Pei, I. M. Rothko, Mark Sa'īd, Mahmūd Skidmore, Owings & Merrill unknown Mende Vikramaditya I Wren, Christopher Zeuxiades Ζευξιάδης



ULAN, the Union List of Artist Names \mathbb{R}

ULAN contains names, relationships, notes, sources, and biographical information for artists, architects, firms, studios, repositories, patrons, sitters, and other individuals and corporate bodies, both named and anonymous

- Named people and corporate bodies Bartolo di Fredi, Xueshi Bai, 白雪石, National Palace Museum (Taipei)
- Anonymous creators known by appellation: Santa Eufemia Master
- Scope also includes "Non-Artists" (e.g., sitters and patrons)
- "Unknown People by Culture" (e.g., unknown Aztec)
- "Unidentified Named People" (e.g., known from archival documents)
- ULAN includes current and historical associative relationships (e.g., students to teachers; firm and studios to members)
- Contributions to ULAN are from experts at authorized institutions (e.g., museums, special collections, art libraries, cataloging projects, bibliographic projects, etc.)





ID: 500060426

Names:

Hokusai, Katsushika (pref,en,ja-trans,de) Katsushika Hokusai (en,ja-trans) Hokusai (en,ja-trans) **葛飾 北斎** (ja) Shunrō (en,ja-trans) Tawaraya Sōri (en,ja-trans) Kakō (en,ja-trans) Tatsumasa (en,ja-trans) Gakyōjin (en,ja-trans) Taito (en,ja-trans) lichi (en,ja-trans) Manji (en,ja-trans) Tokitarō (en,ja-trans) **時太郎** (ja) **葛飾北**濟 (ja)

Nationalities:

Sample record

Japanese (pref)

Roles:

AAT

artist printmaker painter designer calligrapher draftsman landscapist marine artist figure artist ukiyo-e artist

Gender: male

Contributors:

ULAN, the Union List of Artist Names®

VP,Avery,GRL,BHA,CCA **Sources:** Bowie, Drawings of Hokusai (1964); Grove Dictionary of Art online (1999-2002); Library of Congress Authorities database (n.d.); Metropolitan Museum of Art [online] (2003-); Bouquillard, Hokusai: First Manga Master (2007)

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

TGN

Abthugni Angel Falls Athínai Αθήναι Bhārat Býčí Skála Bora-Bora Casablanca Chichén Itzá Cueva Cerro Sota Donner Pass Dos Cabezas Site Firenze Fort Rouillé Gdansk Genna Bogai, Arcu Святой Престол Jabal Mayyah Kush Luxor מישׂראל Mare Cantabricum Nan Madol Ruins Rapa Nui 臺北



TGN, the Getty Thesaurus of Geographic Names®

TGN focuses on places relevant to art, architecture, and related disciplines, recording names, relationships, place types, dates, notes, and coordinates for current and historical cities, nations, empires, archaeological sites, lost settlements, and physical features

- Places relevant to art history Thebes, Diospolis, Ottoman Empire, Mogao Caves, Ch'ien-fu-tung, Ganges
- TGN is a structured vocabulary
- TGN is a thesaurus compliant with ISO standards
- Focus on historical regions, archaeological sites, lost settlements, built upon a skeleton of the modern world from NGA/NIMA and USGS data sets
- TGN is not GIS, is a thesaurus focused on names and links. Why invent the wheel over again? Many sources of geographic data exist. However, TGN may be linked to GIS, maps, and other geographic resources



Getty

TGN, the Getty Thesaurus of Geographic Names®

Sample record

Linked to other vocabularies

<i>ID:</i> 7011179	Hierarchical Rels. (polyhier.) World (facet)	Place Types inhabited place settled by Etruscans (flourished by 6th century BCE)		
<i>Names:</i> Siena (it,en,es,fr,nl,de)	Europe (continent) Italy (nation) Tuscany (region) Siena (province) Siena (inhabited place)	city archiepiscopal see commune (administrative) since 1125 cultural center university center		
Σιένα (el) Siyenah	World (facet) Europe (continent)	world heritage site Lat: 43 19 07 N (43.3180) Long: 011 19 50 E (11.3300)		
锡耶纳 (zh) シエーナ (ja)	Italian Peninsula (peninsula) Etruria (former confederation) Siena (inhabited place)	Elevation: 1056.430 feet (322.0000 meters)		
Sienese (en-adj)	Historical: Late Etruscan Associative Rels ally of Pisa(inhabited place) [7006082]	town; later was the Roman city of Sena Julia (3rd century BCE). It flourished under the Lombard kings (6th century CE) and was		
Sena Julia (h-la)	Ghibelline allies, 13th-14th centuries	Medieval self-governing commune		
Sanna (h) Saena (h)	Contributors: BHA, FDA, GRLPSC, VP Sources: Annuario Generale (1980); Canby, Histor Toscana (1977) 1508; Library of Congress Subject Senese (1969) passim; NGA/NIMA database (2003 Atlas of the World (1992) 183; UNESCO World Her 2010; Webster's Geographical Dictionary (2007) 11	Headings (2002-); Milanesi, Storia dell'Arte 3-) -129709; TCI: Toscana (1984) 479 ff; Times itage Centre [online] (1992-) accessed 20 July		
	Names: Siena (it,en,es,fr,nl,de) Σιένα (el) Siyenah 锡耶纳 (zh) シエーナ (ja) Sienese (en-adj) Sienna (h-en) Sena Julia (h-la) Sanna (h)	/D: 7011179 Names: Siena (it,en,es,fr,nl,de) Σιένα (el) Siyenah 锡耶纳 (zh) シェーナ (ja) Sienase (en-adj) Siena Julia (h-la) Sanna (h) Saena (h) //D: 7011179 World (facet) 		

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Adorazione dei Magi Apedemak Baby Jaguar Death and the Miser Ehecatl Ganesh Hades Hercules Herakles Mithras Niflheim Noli me tangere Olouaipipilele Prajnaparamita Penance of Indra **Reclining Buddha** Bouddha couché 涅槃仏 Storming the Bastille The Divine Comedy Tumatauenga Virgin Hodegetria World War I Xibalba



IA, the Getty Iconography Authority TM

IA is a thesaurus that covers topics relevant to art, architecture, and related disciplines; includes multilingual proper names, relationships, and dates for iconographical narratives, religious or fictional characters, themes, historical events, and named literary works and performing arts

- Includes the proper names of subjects not covered by other Getty Vocabularies
- Scope is multicultural and multilingual, grows through contributions
- Includes links to other sources where there is overlap, such as Iconclass and US Library of Congress subject authorities
- The IA is compliant with the Subject Authority of CDWA and CCO (*Categories for the description of Works of Art and Cataloging Cultural Objects*)
- The IA has a thesaural structure; it includes equivalence, associative, and hierarchical relationships
- The IA is linked to the other Getty Vocabularies



IA, the Getty Iconography Authority TM

Sample record

AAT links

role/characteristic is ... bodhisattva symbolic attribute is ... lotus culture/religion is ... Mahayana (Buddhism) culture/religion is ... Theravada (Buddhism)

Associative Relationships

associated with Krishna (Hindu iconography) counterpart is Guanyin (Buddhist iconography)

Note The bodhisattva of infinite compassion and mercy; embodies the compassion of all Buddhas. This bodhisattva is portrayed in different cultures as either female or male...

Hierarchical Relationships

Top of the IA hierarchies Legend, Religion, Mythology Buddhist iconography Buddhist characters Avalokiteshvara (Buddhist iconography)

Contributors & sources

[VP] Encyclopedia Britannica Online (2002-); Bowker, Oxford Dictionary of World Religions (1997); Huntington, Art of Ancient India (1985); LC: LC control no.: sh 85010492

AAT

TGN

ULAN

CONA

Names in multiple languages

Users may choose the name appropriate for their needs

Names: Avalokiteshvara Avalokiteśvara अवलोकितेश्वर धुत्र रत्रा यात्रियात्रा

ID: 1000085

Spyan ras gzigs

Bhimesvara Temple Bradshaw rock paintings Case Study House 21 Château de Versailles Empire State Building En liberté comme toi Himeji Castle 姫路城 Irises Kashmir Gate Mona Lisa La Gioconda Model for the Façade of San Lorenzo MS Ludwig XV Pantheon Portrait of Napoleon Ronda di notte Square Ting Vessel of Duke Kang 西周早期 康侯方鼎



CONA, the Cultural Objects Name Authority®

CONA compiles titles/names and other metadata for works of art, architecture, and other cultural works, current and historical, documented as items or in groups, whether works are extant, destroyed, or never built

- In development, may be used to record works depicted in visual surrogates and for other purposes
- CONA compiles titles, attributions, depicted subjects, and other metadata about works of art, architecture, and cultural heritage, both extant and historical works, works never built, disassembled works, conceptual works for multiples

Hagia Sophia, Mona Lisa, Thirty-six Views of Mount Fuji, 富嶽三十六景

- Scope is multicultural and multilingual; grows through contributions
- CONA is linked to images; CONA is linked to the AAT, TGN, ULAN, and IA
- Through this rich metadata and links, CONA may provide a powerful conduit for research and discovery for digital art history



ID: 700001950

Titles:

Shiva met de maan in het haar (nl) Shiva with the Moon in his Hair (en)

Catalog Level: item

Work Types: sculpture (visual work)

AAT

Classifications: sculpture (preferred)

Creation Date: 1000/1200

Creator Display:

anoniem sculptor: unknown Chola



CONA, the Cultural Objects Name Authority®

Sample record

	Locations:	ULAN			TGN				
	Current : Rijksmuseum (Amsterdam, North Holland, Netherlands) AK-MAK-1291; RM001.collect.910; Bruikleen								
	van de Verer	nst							
Creation : Tamil Nādu (India)									
ר)	Materials: b	ronze foui	nding AAT						
	Dimensions: 40 cm (height) x 24cm (width) x 10.5 (depth)								
	<i>Events:</i> exhi	ibition: Me	tamorfoze/Ge	eheugenproject Wil	lem				
	Witsen	AAT							
	Cultures:								
	Indian	Chola							
	General Sul	bject:	AAT						
	human figure		TGN						
	religion and mythology			ULAN					
	Specific Subjects:			CONA					
	Shivá (Hindu iconography)			CONA IA					
mudra (pose, <visual and="" concepts="" representational="">)</visual>									
	[link to lconc	lass]			Indexin	ng Using ⁻			
	Contributoro	8 Courses				file			

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Contributors & Sources: [Rijksmuseum;VP]; Rijksmuseum XML file



CONA, the Cultural Objects Name Authority®

Sample record

ID: 700000141 *Titles/Names:* Hagia Sophia (en,de,nl) Ayasofya (tr) Αγία Σοφία (el) Agia Sofia Haghia Sophia Sainte-Sophie (fr) Santa Sofía (es) Santa Sofia (it) Sancta Sophia (la) Sancta Sapientia (la) Holy Wisdom (en) Saint Sophia (en) 聖蘇菲亞大教堂 (zh)

Work Types: church; mosque; museum AAT

Date: original structure dated from 4th century CE; present structure built 532-537 CE: rebuilt in 12th century

ULAN

Creators: Anthemios of Tralles (Byzantine architect, ca. 474-ca. 534) and Isidoros of Meletus, the Elder (Byzantine architect, active mid-6th century); Patron: Justinian I (Byzantine emperor, ca. 482-565)

Built Work ... Hagia Sophia Associative Relationship depicted in View of the Hagia Sophia in Constantinople; Eduard Hildebrandt; watercolor; ca. 1852; Hermitage Museum (Saint Petersburg, Russia) [700008345]

TGN Location: Istanbul (Marmara, Turkey) Address Note: 41.008548°N: 28.979938°E Materials: system bearing masonry, AAT centralized plan; interior surfaces are sheathed with polychrome marble, porphyry, and mosaics Dimensions: central dome: diameter 31 m (102 feet); height 56 m (184 feet) AAT General Subject: architecture TGN Specific Subject: Holy Wisdom ULAN Religion/Mythology) **CONA** Note: Domed basilica was con CONA IA by the Emperor Justinian; built in Constantinople in 6th century...

Contributors: Avery, BHA, FDA, VP Sources: Fleming, Penguin Dictionary of Architecture (1999); Herrin, Judith, Byzantium (2007); Maidstone, Hagia Sophia (2002); Theoharidou, Architecture of Hagia Sophia (1988); Xydis, Chancel Barrier of Hagia Sophia (1947)

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies



Getting Started: Basics of Indexing



Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Use controlled terms or controlled format for indexing

How to Index: Key Points

- Display fields, descriptive notes. and other text fields are not access points for retrieval; they are free-text note fields
- Therefore, if a cataloger mentions important information in such a note, in order to facilitate retrieval, it must be indexed in the appropriate controlled fields elsewhere in the record
- Use controlled terminology (such as AAT, TGN, ULAN, IA, CONA)
- or another controlled vocabulary such as Iconclass or Library of Congress Authorities
- For some fields, controlled lists or controlled format is appropriate
Use the most specific term appropriate

How to Index: Key Points

- When indexing, use the most specific term or value applicable to the field
- But the most specific value must be warranted by available source information
- Follow rules for dealing with ambiguous or uncertain information
- Keep in mind if the field displays to end users or if it is hidden, used only for retrieval
- Rules differ for fields that do not display

Include information only if known

How to Index: Key Points

- Catalogers should include information only when known
- Assign terms with appropriate specificity, based upon available information
- However, to not record a specific term, for example Work Type, if documentation does not support it
- If you are not certain of a specific work type, use a term about which you are certain
- Catalogers should not guess or make assumptions unless they have authoritative documentation

Thesaural structure

~ Top of the AAT hierarchies ~ Objects Facet

 $\overline{}$

 $\overline{}$

~

...... Visual and Verbal Communication (hierarchy name) Visual Works (hierarchy name) visual works (works) <visual works by material or technique> ~ photographs <photographs by form> <photographs by form: format> ~ card photographs (photographs) boudoir midget mounts boudoir photographs cabinet photographs ~cartes-de-visite (card photographs) imperial photographs panel photographs promenade photographs

..... victoria cards (photographs)

..... gem photographs

..... lantern slides

Sub-facets (called "hierarchies") establish the context of the term Guide terms in angled brackets





Thesaural structure

- Ideally, choose the term within the record that best indexes the object at hand, e.g., singular for a single item
- Some systems or local cataloging rules do not allow linking at the term level

cartes-de-visite (card photographs) (preferred,C,U,English-P,D,U,PN) (fotografische kaarten) (Dutch-P,D,U,PN) (photographies) (French-P,D,U,PN)

carte-de-visite (card photograph) C,U,English,AD,U,SN)

(Dutch,AD,U,U)

cartes de visite (card photographs) (C,U,English,UF,U,N) card photographs (cartes-de-visite) (C,U,English,UF,U,N) carte-de-visite photographs (C,U,LC,English,UF,U,N) cartes de visite photographs (C,U,English,UF,U,N) sure cards (C,U,English,UF,U,N)

Visitenkartenporträts (fotografische Abzüge) (C,U,German,D,PN) Visitenkartenporträt (fotografischer Abzug) (C,U,German-P,AD,SN) tarjetas de visita (obra visual) (C,U,Spanish-P,D,U,PN) tarjeta de visita (obra visual) (C,U,Spanish,AD,U,SN)



Getty

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Required fields

Include Required "Core" Information

- Certain fields are required for every work record
- Include information for all of the core fields
- Based on CDWA/CCO, the categories and subcategories that are indicated as core
- Core = those elements that the international expert task force, representing various related disciplines, agreed were necessary
- to uniquely and unambiguously identify and describe a particular work of art or architecture, or group of works, and to allow research

Required fields

- Example from CONA, an implementation of CDWA/CCO
- For these elements, always include data when cataloging
- Index display data
- In this example, the record is in CONA; if the data is in another system, include a unique ID if possible *
 - include repository ID/number too, if any

What is a minimum record?

Core elements

[ID] **Catalog Level** Classification Work Type Title Creator **Creation Date Subject Current Location** Dimensions Materials & **Techniques**

[CONA ID 70000285]* Catalog Level item **Classification** paintings Work Type painting (visual work) SCrOll (information artifact) Title Scene of Early Spring 宋郭熙早春圖 軸 Creator Guo Xi (Chinese painter, 1023 - ca.1085 CE) **Creation Date 1072 CE General Subject** landscapes **Specific** | spring (season) | trees | Pinus (genus) | streams **Current Location** National Palace Museum (Taipei, Taiwan) Repository Number 000053N00000000 **Dimensions** 158.3 x 108.1 cm Mat & Tech painted scroll Index ink | silk | paper



Required fields: Also include optional fields when important

Creation numbers

Catalog level: item Classification: musical instruments Work Type: guitar Title: Archtop Guitar Creator: James D'Aquisto (American, New York 1935–1995 Corona, California) Date: 1993 Culture: American Material: spruce, maple, ebony Dimensions: W. 17 in.Chordophone-Lute-plucked-fretted Location: Greenport (New York, United States) Type: creation Current Location: Metropolitan Museum of Art (New York, New York) Accession Number: 2012.246 Credit Line: Gift of Steve Miller, 2012

Current Location: Metropolitan Museum of Art (New York, New York, USA) *Repository Number:* 2012.246

Creation Numbers: model: Centura Deluxe; serial number: 1249

- Optional, but important if known
- E.g., Repository numbers
- E.g., Include numbers or names associated with creation, such as serial numbers and model numbers; distinguished from state and edition



Display vs. Indexing



What Is Information for Display?

- Art information databases should include information intended for display and information that is <u>indexed</u> using controlled vocabularies to facilitate efficient retrieval
- Information for display should be in a format and with syntax that is easily read and understood by users, includes appropriate nuance and ambiguity
- Display fields may be free-texts or concatenated from controlled, fielded data
- Display fields may contain all the nuances of language necessary to relay the uncertainty and ambiguity that are common in art information

What Is Indexed Information?

- Certain key elements of art information must be formatted (e.g., years for dates) or linked to vocabularies (e.g., AAT, TGN, ULAN, IA) to facilitate retrieval
- **Indexing** in this sense should be a conscious activity performed by knowledgeable catalogers
- Consider the retrieval implications of indexing terms
- Do not use an automated method that simply parses every word in a text intended for display into indexes

Controlled Vocabularies vs. Controlled Format

- **Controlled vocabularies** are organized sets of controlled terminology values (often with other information as well)
 - Links to Getty Vocabularies; links to controlled lists
- **Controlled format** refers to rules concerning the allowable data types and formatting of information
 - Fields may have controlled format in addition to being linked to controlled vocabulary
 - Or the controlled format may exist in the absence of any finite controlled list of acceptable values

Example of indexed information

Cat. Level: item Classification ceremonial objects Work Type bi

Title Disc (Ri)

Dimensions Display:

diameter: 8 1/4 inches (21 cm)

index: value: 21 unit: centimeter type: diameter

controlled format

controlled term from pick list

Mat & Tech Display: jade (nephrite)

index:

controlled term linked to Getty vocabulary

jade (rock) [AAT 300011119] nephrite [AAT 300011120]

- Display vs indexing
- Display for the end-user, indexing for access, using controlled vocabularies
- Indexing is important for access
- Display allows expression of uncertainty or ambiguity in a note for end-user
- Or Display may be concatenated from controlled values



Controlled vocabulary: Controlled list or link to AAT?

Cat. Level: item Classification ceremonial object Work Type bi

Title Disc (Ri)



- Controlled list: benefit = shorter list, higher accuracy for catalogers choosing terms
- Controlled list may be linked to AAT through behind-the-scenes mapping
- Link to AAT: A direct link to AAT provides cataloger with full AAT, useful when the number of possible terms is very large



CONA 700008573 Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Which fields here are controlled format, which use controlled vocabulary?

display	Materials/Techniques Display: egg-tempera paint with tooled gold-leaf halos		
indexing with controlled terms	on panel		
display	Dimensions Display: comprises 10 panels; overall: 280 x 215 x 17 cm (110 1/4 x 84 5/8 x 6 3/4)		
indexing with controlled format	Extent: components Value: 10Type: countValue: 280Unit: cm Type: heightValue: 215Unit: cm Type: widthValue: 17Unit: cm Type: depth		
Getty	Indexing Using the		

Which vocabularies are used to index a work record



Simplified entity-relationship diagram for a work record & vocabularies



Getty

Issues for Indexing

- Indexing fields are intended for retrieval
- The following are examples of indexing fields:
 - Any field that contains a controlled number (e.g., Start Date) or values controlled by pick lists (e.g., Preferred / Non-preferred flag), controlled files (e.g., bibliographic sources), or links to controlled vocabularies (e.g., Location is linked to TGN)
- Consider retrieval issues when you assign terms and values to such fields
- Indexing fields may be visible or hidden from end users
- If the indexing field is visible to end users, do not use overly broad estimations that will be confusing or misleading

Issues for Indexing

Applying vocabularies

- Factors to consider in assigning indexing terms
 - specificity
 - exhaustivity
 - pre-coordination vs post-coordination

Specificity and Exhaustivity



Specificity

- **Specificity** refers to the degree of precision or granularity used (e.g., *campanile* rather *tower*)
- However, catalogers should use terms only as specific as warranted by authoritative sources
- With all indexing, it is better to be accurate and broad rather than incorrect and specific
- How precise are your indexing terms?
- "temples" or "wats"
- "photographs" or "daguerreotypes"
- Collection size
- Collection focus
- Expertise of cataloguers
- Expertise of users



Materials and Techniques

- Free-text Materials and Techniques display and index using controlled terminology (AAT)
- Simple matching for display to AAT terms

Catalog Level: Item Classification: paintings Work Type: miniature

Title Court Anno Al

```
Display Mat & Tech: watercolor on ivory

Cre

180

Dia

Mat & Tech Indexing [AAT]:

Watercolor [AAT 300078925]

ivory [AAT 300011857]
```

Massachusetts); 36.351 Credit Line:Gift of Miss Emily L. Clark Clark



Catalog Level item Classification paintings Work Type panel painting | altarpiece Title Adoration of the Magi

Adorazione dei Magi (repository title) **Creator** Bartolo di Fredi (Sienese painter, active by 1353, died 1410)

Creation Date ca. 1385; some scholars date it after 1395 General Subject religion and mythology | allegory

| human figures

Specific | Adoration of the Magi | Siena | horses | camels | Magi | Holy Family | Journey of the Magi | gold | frankingense | myrrh | king | deity | death

Current Location Pinacoteca Nazionale di Siena (Siena, Italy); Repository No no. 104

Measurements 195 x 158 cm (76 x 61 5/8 inches)

Mat & Tech tempera on panel Mat & Tech Index:

> tempera panel

Contributors BHA VP CD PNS GRI-PA **Sources** Pinacoteca Nazionale di Siena (2002-); Boucher and Fiorini, Magi Reconstructed (2012); Cole, Sienese Painting (1985); Freuler, Bartolo di Fredi (1994); Harpring, Bartolo di Fredi (1992)

- Index only to level of specificity known
- What if your source information does not indicate the type of tempera?



CONA ID: 700000178

AAT

 You may link to the general "tempera"

Hierarchy <paint by composition or origin> water-base paint tempera casein paint egg-oil tempera *egg tempera*

> gum tempera oil tempera

Perhaps "egg tempera" more accurately describes the medium; use only if documentation supports it



Scope Note for egg tempera: Tempera paint using egg as its vehicle, traditionally the yolk only, in other cases, the whole egg.



 You may index technique or implements separately from materials

Materials and Techniques: Role, flag

Catalog Level: item Classification: architecture Work Type: church Title: North Christian Church Preference: preferred Creator Description: designed by Eero Saarinen (American, 1910-1961); posthumously, construction was supervised by firm of Eero Saarinen & Associates (American architectural firm, 1950-1961) Current Location: Columbus (Indiana, United States)

 Mat & Tech Display: hexagonal plan, concrete base,

 leaded copper spire, slate roof; welded steel

 buttresses support the roof and spire at the

 6 axial corners

 AAT

 Mat & Tech: steel Flag: material

 Mat & Tech: slate Flag: material

 Mat & Tech: slate Flag: material

 Mat & Tech: slate Flag: material

Mat & Tech: hexagonal plan Flag: technique Mat & Tech: buttressing Flag: technique



You may further index the support separately from media using a Role

Materials and Techniques: Role, flag

Classification: graphic arts Work Type: drawing, preparatory study Title: Man in Korean Costume Creator: artist: Peter Paul Rubens (1577-1640, active in Flanders and Italy) Creation Date: ca. 1617-1618 Current Location: J. Paul Getty Museum (Los Angeles, CA). Rep. No.: 83.B.384 ostumes Mat & Tech: Display: black chalk with touches of red chalk in the face on on ivory ivory laid paper *Mat C Tech [AAT]*: **•**chalk Role: medium Flag: material *Mat & Tech [AAT]:* •laid paper *Role:* support *Flag:* material e of the

CONA ID 700002058 ndexing Using the Getty Vocabularies **Specificity** Classification = broad Work Type = specific

Classification



- Classification categorizes a work in a broader scheme
- May vary depending upon the organization of the collection
- Classification is controlled by an extensible list
- For movable works provided by the repository



Specificity Classification = broad Work Type = specific

 Work type should indicate what the work is, with the greatest specificity warranted by sources

Work Type

- Classification
- photographs American art
- Catalog level: item Class : photographs American a Work Type • gelatin silver print
- *Title: Panoramic Photograph of the White House, W
- *Creator Display: Haines Photography Co. (Americar century)
- * Role: photographers
 - •[link]: Haines Photography Co.

- Work Type
- gelatin silver print



Specificity Classification = broad Work Type = specific

Work Type and Classification

Classification controlled, extensible list

21381	machines
21382	vehicles / transportation
21391	minerals / rocks
21431	needlework / sewing
21465	numismatics / philately
21485	natural history
21667	paintings
21668	performance art / installations
21669	personal accessories
21670	photographs
21672	prints
Gettv	

- Classification is drawn from an extensible list, mapped behind the scenes to one or more AAT terms
- Work Type is drawn directly from the full AAT, primarily terms in the Objects facet

Work Type is drawn from full AAT

	Top of the AAT hierarchies
	Objects Facet
	Visual and Verbal Communication (hierarchy name)
	Visual Works (hierarchy name)
	visual works (works)
	<visual by="" material="" or="" technique="" works=""></visual>
	photographs
	<photographs by="" form=""></photographs>
	positives (photographs)
	photographic prints
-	<photographic by="" prints="" process=""></photographic>
+	gelatin silver prints



Work Type: Homographs

keys (hardware)

keys (sound device components)

keys (texts)

- Be sure to link to the correct concept
- Beware of homographs
- Homographs are distinguished by hierarchical placement and other information, an in AAT by "qualifier" which is stored in separate field from term









Link to the term appropriate for indexing; singular or plural? which language?

Linking to the AAT and other Getty Vocabularies allows the variant terms and other links and information in the AAT, ULAN, or TGN record to be used in retrieval of the work



Work Ty	pe: Plural, language	ID: 300132254 AAT
	Catalog Level item Classification vessels Work Type vase Title Blue and White Glazed Globular Vase 明永樂 青花龍紋天球瓶	 vases (vessels (containers), <containers by="" form="">, Furnishings and Eq</containers> Note: form often subst Vases (preferred, C (French-P,D, Vase (C,U,English,A (French,AD,U, N)) 花斑 (C,U,Chiposo (
	Creator unknown Chinese Creation Date 1403/1424 CE Subject (general) object (utilitarian) (specific) animal dragon Current Location National Palace Museum (Taipei, Taiwan) ID: 012547N00000000 Measurements 42.9 cm high and 9.7 cm diameter; foot diameter 15.8 cm	花瓶 (C,U,Chinese (陶瓶 (C,U,Chinese (huā píng (C,U,Chin hua ping (C,U,Chin hua ping (C,U,Chin hua p'ing (C,U,Chin vazen (C,U,Chin vazen (C,U,Dutch-F vaas (C,U,Dutch,AE vasos (C,U,Spanish
Getty	Materials blue and white porcelain porcelain (material) blue-and-white (ceramic glaze)	Vaso (C,U,Spanish, Face Hierarchical Position: Objects Facet Objects Facet Image: may be under additional copyright Image: may be under additional copyright

Getty

- It may be appropriate to link to historical names, if system allows it
- In this case, index the name as it appears inscribed on the work
- Through TGN, all other names are linked

TGN Location: Historical names

Firenze (preferred, vernacular, Italian-preferred) Florence (English-preferred) Florenz (German-preferred) Florencia (Spanish-preferred) Fiorenza (historical) Date: Medieval Start: 900 End: 1700 Florentia (historical, Latin) Date: name of Roman colony on North bank o Start: -100 End: 1500 Florentine (adjectival, English)

 Names and terms may be historical, may have dates Cat. Level: item Class.: maps

Work Type: xylograph

Title: Fiorenza: From Disegni delle più illustri città

Creator: D. Zenoi, published by Giulio Ballino

Date: 1569







ULAN names

Moore, Henry (preferred, index, LC) Henry Moore (display) Moore, Henry Spencer

- You may choose terms or names preferred by other vocabularies if you wish
- E.g., LOC name is flagged in the ULAN record

CONA ID 700000137 Catalog Level: item Classification: sculpture Work Type: monumental sculpture Title: Large ArchCreator: Henry Moore (British, 1898-1986) Patron: Xenia Miller and J. Irwin Miller Creation Date: installed in 1971





- Current Location
- Flag with extensible list of Types creation, discovery, original, architectural context
- Location may be a Repository (corporate body) linked to ULAN (in ULAN, the repository place is in turn linked to TGN)
- Location may be a Geographic Location linked to TGN

Location: Geographic, repository, flags for Type

Catalog level: item Class: Sculpture Work Type: hacha Title: Hacha (Ceremonial Ax) Creator Display: unknown Veracruz Creation Date: Late Classic Veracruz (600-900 CE) Current Location: Dumbarton Oaks (Washington DC, USA) ID:

Current Location:

Dumbarton Oaks (Washington, DC, USA) [ULAN 500235090] *Repository Number:* B38 VCS

Location: Veracruz (Mexico) Type: discovery [TGN 7005599]



Subject: Several vocabularies



Subject terms may be derived from various vocabularies

Use the vocabulary having terms that best describe the subject

Cat. level: item Class: photographs Work Type: photograph Title: *Lincoln on the Battlefield of Antietam* Creator: Alexander Gardner (American photographer, 1821-1882) Date: 1862 Material: albumen print Dimensions: 8 5/8 x 7 3/4 inches

General

portraits history and legend

Specific

Antietam National Battlefield (Sharpsburg, Maryland, United States). TGN American Civil War (event) IA Abraham Lincoln (American president, ULAN **ULAN** John McClernand (American Union General, 1812-1900) **ULAN** Allan Pinkerton (American Secret Service agent, detective, 1819-1884). AAT army camp tents (portable buildings) AAT Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Getty

CONA ID: 700008509

- Does your source name the species? pomegranate (Punica granatum)? Blue Morpho (Morpho menelaus)? Banded Sphinx Moth (Eumorph fasciatus) caterpillar?Do not include information if you are uncertain (e.g., "butterfly" or species Morpho menelaus)
- May link to scientific or common name, as well as to plurals, singulars, languages as necessary

Subject: Scientific, common name

AAT

Top of the AAT hierarchies Agents Facet Living Organisms (hierarchy name) living organisms (entities) Eukaryota (domain) Animalia (kingdom) Arthropoda (phylum) Hexapoda (subphylum) Insecta (class) Lepidoptera (order) Papilionoidea (supeNymphalidae (family Morpho (genus)Morpho menela

AAT



Cat. level: item Class: prints and drawings Work Type: print Title: Pomegranate with Blue Morpho Butterflies Creator: Maria Sibylla Merian Creation Date: ca. 1705 Materials: watercolor and gum arabic over partial transfer print on vellum

General Subjects: • animal • botanical Specific Subjects: Morpho menelaus (species) Punica granatum (species) Eumorph fasciatus (species)




"untitled"? Titles or names

Catalog Level: item

Classification: prints and drawings Work Type: screen print

Creator: Roy Lichtenstein (American, 1923 – 1997)

Creation Date: 1965

Current Location: National Gallery of Art (Washington, DC); Gift of Roy and Dorothy Lichtenstein; 1996.56.139

Title: Brushstroke

Title Type: repository

Value: 58.4 Unit: cm Type: height Value: 73.6 Unit: cm Type: width Extent: image Value: 56.4 Unit: cm Type: height Value: 72.4 Unit: cm Type: width Extent: framed Value: 76.7 Unit: cm Type: height Value: 92.2 Unit: cm Type: width Value: 4.4 Unit: cm Type: depth Mat & Tech: color screen print on heavy, white wove paper Inscriptions: lower right in graphite: rf Lichtenstein H.C. G Leo Castelli Gallery Chiron Press

- Do not leave "core" fields blank
- Avoid using the term "untitled" as a Title unless it is sonamed by the artist or by the owner/repository
- If no title is given, construct a descriptive title
- In this example, the repository has given the work a title





Titles or names

Cat. level: item • *Class:* •prints and drawings •American art
**Work Type:* • design drawing • competition drawing
**Title*: Temple Design
for the Lincoln Memorial *Title Types:* descriptive
constructed
**Creator Display:* architect: Henry Bacon (American, 1866-1924); draftsman: Jules
Guéren (French, 19th-20th century) *Role:* architect • [link]: Bacon, Henry

**Title*: Temple Design for the Lincoln Memorial *Title Types:* descriptive

(Washington, DC, USA) *ID*:unavailable

• *Measurements: unavailable

- *Materials and Techniques: ink and watercolor on paper
 Material [links]: •ink •watercolor •paper
- Related Work:

Relationship Type [controlled]: depicts

[link to Work Record]: Lincoln Memorial (Washington, DC, USA); Henry Bacon (American architect, 1866-1924) and Daniel Chester French (American sculptor, 1850-1931), 1915-1922

- Do not leave "core" fields blank
- Avoid using the term "untitled" as a Title unless it is sonamed by the artist or by the owner/repository
- If no title is given, construct a descriptive title
- In this example, title is constructed





- Place information in the correct field
- E.g., an inscription is not necessarily a title
- Record long inscriptions in the Inscription field

Titles vs inscription

Cat. level: item Classification prints and drawings Work Type poster | lithograph

Title: Chat Noir Title: Poster of a Black Cat, for the Reopening of the Chat Noir Cabaret

Creator Théophile-Alexandre Steinlen (Swiss artist, 1859-1923)

Creation Date 1896

General Subject advertising/commercial | animals

Specific domestic cat | Chat Noir (cabaret) | Rodolphe Salis (French performer, 1851-1897) | shadow theater

Current Location Santa Barbara Museum of Art (Santa Barbara, California): ID:1991.17

Dimensions 61.6 x 39.62 cm (24 1/4 x 15 5/8 inches)

Mat & Tech: lithograph | ink | paper | lithograph

Inscription: along right side and bottom: Prochainement / la très illustre Compagnie du / Chat / Noir / avec / ses Pièces d'Ombres / Célèbres, ses Poëtes / ses Compositeurs / Avec / Rodolphe Salis



Specificity

Work type? or Shape?

Catalog level: item

Class: •architecture • European art

Work Type: • entrance

Title: Pyramids: Entrance to the Louvre

Creator Display: I. M. Pei Current Location: Louvre Museum Courtyard (Paris, France) Role: architect Pei, I. M. (American, born 1917 in China) Creation Date: 1989 : Start: 1989 • End: 1989 General Subject: architecture Type: isness Specific: museum entrance Dimensions: 21.6 m (71 feet) pyramid • Value: 21.6 Unit: m Type: height | Shape: pyramidal

Mat & Tech: and Techniques: glass and steel rods and cable *Material* [links]: • glass • steel *Technique* [links]: • cable

Part of: Louvre Palace (Paris, France) CONA ID 700008630

- Work Type is linked to AAT
- Be sure to use the correct term, noting hier context and meaning of the term in AAT



pyramids (tombs or platforms)	300004838
pyramids (geometric figures)	300163119
pyramids (dessert containers)	300202483

- But is Work Type "pyramids" here?
- Not a tomb; geometric figure not a "work type"
- Better to use Work Type for function = "entrance"
- Form = pyramidal as Shape under Dimensions Indexing Using the Getty Vocabulari

CONA ID 700008629

Specificity

Relative to catalog level

Catalog levels

item volume group subgroup collection set series multiples component

Group-Level or Item-Level cataloging?

- Approach A: Describe/catalog only the broader work or group using general terms for the whole as well as important specific terms for the important parts or items
- Approach B: Describe/catalog the broader work or group, knowing you intend to make separate records for all or the most important parts or items.

-- For the broader work or group, use general terms applicable to all the parts

-- For the parts or items, use terms specific for each

- Museums primarily catalog items
- Special collections and archives catalog groups, volumes, etc.
- What is the catalog level of your work record?
- Specificity of terms may be determined by the level at which you catalog
- Different terms are relevant for different levels



Specificity

- Requires separate records
- Object in hand, or the object depicted in the visual surrogate?
- Are you creating a record for the digital image or slide of the illumination? Or the work depicted?

abel fille à tra toliz acocha dun f13-7 110 rut gefine it fa fu famz alattes tot nom Getty

Cataloging work or image?



Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

- Exhaustivity refers to the degree of depth and breadth that the cataloger uses, often expressed by using a larger number of indexing terms or a more detailed description
- However, is it useful to index every possible applicable term?
- If not, where do you draw the limit? Index the most important or most prevalent characteristics

- How many aspects of a work do you catalog? How many terms do you assign to a work?
- Time limitations
- Focus of the collection

Catalog level: volume Class: books and manuscripts Work Type: gradual Title: Gradual for Monastic Use Creator: illumination: workshop of: Pacino di Bonaguida; patron: probably Augustinian *Creation Location:* Florence (Italy) Creation Date: 1303/1340 Style: Gothic Measurements: 174 folios; overall (page dimensions): 35.7 x 26.2 cm (14 1/16 x 10 5/16 inches) Materials: tempera and ink on parchment; bindings of calfskin over boards with metal clasps Current Location: Museum of Fine Art (Boston, Massachusetts) Description: A gradual (a liturgical book, containing chants for the Mass) for monastic use, possibly the Augstinian order, with 174 folios (ff.) and 2 leaves: ff. 1 - 109: Gradual: Temporale and Sanctorale (partial)

ff. 1 - 109: Gradual: Temporale and Sanctorale (partial ff. 109v - 113: Litany

ff. 114 - 160: Gradual: Temporale (continued) ff. 161 - 168: Temporale sequences

(f. 168v: Originally blank, with a 15th-century addition in Italian on three staves: "Sanctus della domenica...") ff. 169 - 174v: Credo (four repetitions of "Patrem omnipotentem," each with a different melody)

- How many aspects of a work do you catalog?
- Only core fields, or do you need others?
- How many terms do you assign to each field of a work record?



Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

CONA 700009451

Getty



- Multiple terms may apply
- E.g., one work may require multiple work types

Cat. level: item Class: Prints, Drawings, and Photographs Work Type: fraktur birth certificate baptismal certificate Title: Birth and Baptismal Certificate Creator: Francis Portzline (American (Pennsylvania German), active

1838 - 1855)	
Record Type: item	
Class: • prints and drawings	on
•American art	
*Work Types:	n)
•fraktur (document)	B called
 birth certificate 	d as 1,
 baptismal certificate 	ts, and

reinforce the celebratory nature of the religious ceremony. Such records were important for membership in the Lutheran or Reformed Churches; their texts also offered spiritual guidance for their owners.

Cat. level: item Class: Manuscripts Near Eastern works Work Types: manuscript palimpsest prayer book homilary Title: MS 575. Codex Armenicus Rescriptus. Palimpsest.

Authors

Date of O

Medium:

Measure (Erkathg

with 7 int

Record Type: item
Class: manuscripts Near Eastern works
*Work Types:
manuscript -palimpsest

prayer book homiliary

Germany (ca. 1900); 5. Walther Adam, Magdeburg and Goslar (1918/30-1964); 4. Carl Wilhelm Adam, Goslar (1964-1987); 5. F. Dörling, Hamburg 1.6.1987, 19; 6. Sam Fogg, London.

Description: The Codex Arronicus Rescriptus is a parchment originating at the Monastery of St. Catherine at Mt. Sinai. The original text on the parchment was an Armenian version of the Homilies on the Psalter by John Chrisostomos. It was been overwritten with Melkite liturgical

nples

- Work type may change over time
 Include terms for original and current type
- Was originally a set of homilies;
- second text is a prayer book

xhibited: Conference of European National Librarians, Oslo. Sept. 1994

- Multiple terms may apply
- E.g., one work may require multiple work types

Li-vayassourrasa sour requestion an stranger alard - 12 forsburg and cleaters episeur seinga accatho elet stor news elever the fine of 1134 COS A MERTAN A TELA TELA TACK SHE MAN MANIN 1.511 grandelly Bale Frent character an munu There and many deal win clines The ade press see in excel ster ser algirling ares & and hand the mining tax by lane. au erim show & us up ly contain acherles contar 1; ל בעולא אולאי בלבאי הברשה שה בותה Clauch word's advantis contenen איר ואכות קייה ביצאפתו אחולבאואי חווי Icho mia cuberty for ula, ergy u exact out n. olever are ster places done existing allow ofich

CONA 700008558

Exhaustivity Group or item-level

Catalog level: group Class: architectural drawings Title: Group: Drawings for Falling Water (Kaufman House), Bear Run, Pennsylvania Creator: Frank Lloyd Wright [in] D. Wright Frank I loud Role rehitect Cre Wo Work Types: preliminary drawings presentation drawings working drawings sections elevations De. der plans SOf

Current Location: Frank Lloyd Wright Home and Studio

- Should terms reflect all items in the group?
- Or use broad terms ("drawings"), because you plan to use specific terms in records for each item?







 Item in hand, or conceptual work, or series? Group Record Catalog level: series • Class [controlled]: prints *Work Type •color woodcuts *Title : Thirty-six Views of Mount Fuji: First Series Alternate Title: First Series: Mt. Fuji Views



Style: Edo





-- Series --



*Measurements: 36 prints, average plate size: 24 x 37 cm [cont.] Extent: items Value: 36 Unit: N/A Type: count •Qualifier: CONA 70000091 **Work Record** Unit: cm Catalog level: item • Class: •print *Materials and Techn • Work Type: • color woodcut paper 廣平六章 神系內神 Title: Great Wave at Kanagawa *[link]* •ink *Title:* In the Hollow of a Wave of いちきましつな Description: Hokusa *Type*: alternate the first series. Creator Display: Katsushika Ho published by Nishimura Eijudo (2 * *Role :* printmaker •[link]: Hok * Role : publisher •[link]: Nist *Creation Date: ca. 1831/183 • Latest: 1836 • **Subject :* •seascape •wave (Chubu, Japan) •Kanagawa (Ka • Stvle Ilink1 : Edo Whole/Part Records for a series and a part

Getty

lexing Using the Getty Vocabularies Images may be under additional copyright

CONA ID 700008520

Cat. level: item Class: drawings Work Type: drawing Title: *Circular Monument for Lincoln* Maker: architect: Daniel H. Burnham; draftsman: C.B. Date: 1908-1909 Location: United States Capitol collection (Washington, DC)





Cat. level: item Class: drawings Work Type: drawing Title: *Temple design for the Lincoln Memorial* Maker: architect: Henry Bacon; draftsman: Jules Guéren Date: 1912 Location: National Archives (Washington, DC)

CONA ID 700008522

Cat. level: item Class: drawings Work Type: drawing Title: *Temple design for the Lincoln Memorial* Creator: architect: John Russell Pope: draftsman: Otto R. Eggers Date: 1912 Location: National Archives (Washington, DC)

CONA ID 700008523 Cat. level: item Class: drawings Work Type: drawing Title: *Pyramid design for the Lincoln Memorial* Creator: architect: John Russell Pope; draftsman: attributed to Rockwell Kent Date: 1912 Location: National Archives (Washington, DC)



- Entries in an architectural competition may be considered a group (non-archival)
- Link a drawing to the appropriate competition group through hierarchical relationships
- [Record competitions as events in Events]
- Examples are from CONA, but applicable to any system



Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Works are linked to each other Hierarchical relationships



Record Type: built work **Catalog Level:** complex **Classification:** architecture Work Type: complexes (buildings) **Title:** *Mogao Caves Complex* **Title:** *Grottes de Mogao* Title: *莫高窟* Creator: various artists TGN **Date:** 4th to the 14th century



Location: Mogao caves (ancient site) (Dunhuang, China) Desc. Note: 492 cells and cave sanctuaries in Mogao are famous for statues and wall paintings, spanning 1,000 years of Buddhist art.

- In this case, are all the works in one cave considered a set or object grouping?
- Linked to the Caves Complex through associative relationships?



Title: Mogao Cave 275

architectural

Context is



Title: Buddha from Cave 275 a sculpture ("Movable" Work)?

CONA 700008875

Associative relationship

drawing



CONA ID 700000120 Catalog level: item Class.: drawings Work Type: architectural drawing Title: Case Study House No. 21 Creator: Pierre Koenig Current Location: GRI Special Collections, Getty Center (Los Angeles, California) 2006.M.30-

house



CONA ID 700000090 Cat. level: item Class.: architecture Work Type: house Title: Case Study House No. 21 Title: Bailey House Title: CSH #21 Creator: architect: Pierre Koenig Creation Date: 1956-1958; renovated 1998 Dimensions: 1 story, 1320 square feet, 4 rooms and 2 baths, on a 110 x 160 foot lot Mat & Tech: and Techniques: steel frame and flat roof deck Current Location: Los Angeles (California, USA) Address: 1635 Woods Drive

- Movable works may be linked to built works
- Examples are from CONA, but applicable to any system

photograph



CONA ID 700008539 Cat. level: item Class.: photographs Work Type: photograph Title: Case Study House No. 21 Creator: Julius Shulman Current Location: GRI Special Collections, Getty Center (Los Angeles, California); 2004.R.10-26622-32-LF

RELATIONSHIPS BETWEEN WORKS may be rich and complex



Current Location: Musée des Beaux Arts (Lille, France)

Collection Wicar, 93-94



Getty



TOP

A ID 700008436 Class: sculpture Work Type: half model Title: Half Model for the Peter's, Rome Title Type Creators: Michelangelo an Luigi Vanvitelli Date: 1558-1561 Medium: linden wood, ges Dimensions: 5 x 4 x 2 m (x Scale: 1:15 Current Location: Musei V. Italy) Descriptive Note: The mod completed under the dire during ...

study for

depiction of



its dome TAB-VIII

St. Peter's in Rome and its dome

 Examples are from CONA, but applicable to any system

predecessor of



CONA ID 700002014 Class: architecture Work Type: basilica cathedral Title: Old Saint Peter's Basilica Title: Antica basilica di San Pietro in Vaticano Title: Antigua Basílica de San Pedro Creator: unknown architect; commissioned by Constantine I Date: constructed in 4th century Material: masonry Location: Vatican (Rome, Italy) Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Titles or names

Cat. level: item Class: architecture Work Type: skyscraper Title: Willis Tower

Preference: preferred Date: renamed 16 July 2009

Title: Sears Tower Preference: variant/alternate

Creator: Skidmore, Owings and Merrill (American, established 1939), for Sears Roebuck and Company (American retail company, founded 1886); architect: Graham, Bruce

Creation Date: completed in 1973

Current Location: Chicago (Illinois, USA) Address: 233 South Wacker Drive Authority Dimensions: height to the top of the roof: 442 m (1,450 feet); height to the highest occupied floor

Title: Willis Tower Historical: Current

Preference: preferred

Date: renamed 16 July 2009

Start: 2009 End: 9999

Language: English Lang.Pref.: preferred

Title: Sears Tower Historical: Historical

Preference: variant/alternate Other [type]: former

- Include historical information when appropriate
- Include former names or titles
- Titles or names may have associated dates
- For rules for establishing Start and End dates, see CONA documentation



- Creator is required
- If there are multiple creators, list them all if known, along with roles

Roles of various creators

Cat.level: item Class: prints and drawings Work Type: screen print Title: Vote McGovern *Creator Display:* Andy Warhol (American, 1928-1987)

Creator Display: Andy Warhol (American, 1928-1987) Role: printmaker [link]: Warhol, Andy Roles: •artist collaboration • supervision •proofing [link]: Tyler, Kenneth Role: edition printing [link]: Wasserman, Jeffrey Role: assistant: [link]: Dressen Robert Role: assistant: [link]: Knisel, Robert

Catalogue Number: 54.1 Gemini Work Number AW72-5046; Old Gemini

Catalogue Number 396;

NGA Accession Number 1984.104.23, 1985.47.229 Creation Date: 1972 Signature Date: 1972 Publication Date: 1972 Materials: 16-color screenprint Support Arches 88 Edition: 250 plus RTP, PPII, 3 GEL, 16 CTP, C Ensure: Colors or Scrupper L. blue thandmade lacence

Facture Colors or Sequence 1. blue (handmade lacquer stencil), 2. transparent yellow (handmade lacquer stencil), 3. orange (permanent emulsion photo screen), 4. magenta (permanent emulsion photo screen), 5. light orange (hand-cut lacquer stencil), 1. lacquer stencil), 9. red (hand-cut lacquer stencil), 10. purple (hand-cut lacquer stencil), 11. yellow (hand-cut lacquer stencil), 12. transparent magenta (hand-cut lacquer stencil), 12. ransparent magenta (hand-cut lacquer stencil), 12. ransparent magenta (hand-cut lacquer stencil), 13. red/black/yellow (hand-cut lacquer stencil), 14. black (permanent emulsion photo screen), Collaboration and Supervision Kenneth Tyler. Processing and Proofing Kenneth Tyler. Edition Printing Jeffrey Wasseman assisted by Robert Rinsiel



- Creator is required
- Patrons of architecture should be included
- In many cases, the patron is known but the architect is unknown

Creation and patronage

Cat. level: item Classification architecture Work Type mausoleum Titles Taj Mahal

Creator Display:

architect: Ustad Ahmad Lahauri (Indian architect, ca.1580-1649); patron: Shah Jahan (Mughal emperor, born ca. 1592)

Creation Date 1632-1653 General Subject architecture Type: isness Specific burial Extent: purpose | Mumtaz Mahal Extent: dedication | Shah Jahan Extent: dedication Current Location Agra, Uttar Pradesh, India ; 27°10′30″N 78°02′31″E Dimensions height: 561 feet (171 m) Mat & Tech: white marble



CONA ID 70000214

Pre-coordination and Post-coordination



Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

- Which will your local system or authorities allow?
- What is your local methodology?

Pre-coordination or Post-coordination

pre-coordination: Combination of individual concepts into compound or complex terms at the point of data storage

post-coordination: Combination of individual concepts into compound or complex terms at the point of retrieval



Material: red silk



When you need compound terms that are not bound in the published authority, construct them locally pre-coordination

- Compound terms are multiple-word terms
- A published vocabulary typically limits inclusion of compound terms, only "unique concepts"
- You may construct additional compound terms in the work record, "precoordination"
- E.g., if you have a red silk and black wool vestment, indexing should bind "red" and "silk" together

Cat. level: item Class: costume Work type: chasuble Title: Opus Anglicanum, Chasuble Creator: unknown English Date: 1330/1350 Material: red silk Location: Metropolitan Museum of Art (New York); Fletcher Fund, 1927 (27.162.1)





pre-coordination

- Using separate fields that are bound, e.g., Material and Color
- Using subfields within a field





Query on retrieval joins the terms: post-coordination:

Select records where material like 'silk' and like 'red'

[Select records where material_is like '300243428' and like '300126225']

post-coordination

- Index using separate terms
- Combine terms for retrieval, not in the cataloging process

Uncertainty and Ambiguity

and Unknown and Undetermined



Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Uncertainty and Ambiguity

- Explain any controversies or ambiguous issues
- If an issue is in dispute, it is critical to the intellectual integrity of the record to not express it as a certain fact
- In order to correctly represent the information and allow scholarly research, indicate uncertainty and ambiguity as necessary
- The cataloger should never assume, never choose one choice over another, and never state as a fact something that is debated among experts
- Sources may reflect disputes about any number of characteristics of the work, including the attribution or dates for a particular work
- When multiple suggestions have been made, include the most important, in the method allowed by individual elements

Uncertainty and Ambiguity

- Where a choice must be made for preferred information, prefer the information as accepted by the repository of the work
- Other information, including conflicting opinions, should also be included provided the source is expert and authoritative
- Always cite the source of the information



Issues for Indexing

- When fields do not display to end-users, estimating indexing values is flexible
- Some fields do not display to end-users; for example, the Start Date and End Date do not display to end-users
- For these fields, estimate broadly the span of time that is applicable
- Estimating too narrowly will result in failed retrieval
- However, estimating overly broadly will result in false hits in retrieval
- Rules for estimating in various situations are in CWDA and CONA guidelines
 See CONA guidelines

"3.6.1.18.5.1 Minimum requirements for Start Date and End Date"

Example: When a particular year is unknown

Start and End Dates

Cat. level: item Classification costume Work Type mask Titles Face Mask Creator unknown Igbo **Creation Date:** early to mid-20th century Start: 19 Creation Date: early to mid-20th century General Start: 1900 End: 1960 Specific race **Current Location** National Museum of African Art (Washington, DC): 2004-11-2 **Dimensions** unavailable Mat & Tech: wood, cloth, glass beads, metal, buttons, kaolin

- Exact year of creation is often unknown
- Express ambiguity and nuance in display date



CONA ID 700008595

Example: When a particular year is unknown

Catalog Level: item

Start and End Dates

- In display date, express uncertainty, nuance, "ca."
- Index the display date with earliest and latest years for retrieval
- Rules for estimating Start and End Dates are in CONA documentation

Class: prints and drawings Work Type: drawing Title: Pennsylvania German Dish Creator: rendered by Albert Levone Creation Date: ca. 1935 Current Location: National Gallery of Art (Washington, DC) Mat & Tech: watercolor, graphite, and gouache on paperboard Dimens Creation Date: ca. 1935 Subject: 237 Start: 1930 End: 1940 Index o Descrip American Design. Disnes made by remissivama German potters came in a variety of sizes and shapes. This oval one with scalloped edges was elaborately decorated by the sgraffito technique. Notice the bold floral design that contrasts with the light strokes of lettering that form a delicate border. Splashes of green worked into the glaze heighten the color of the red clay that is exposed. The dish was made by Samuel Troxel. The inscription reads: "From clay and many skills, the potter fashions what he will, July the 19th 1823." Work: Pennsylvania German Dish



CONA guidelines: "ca.: For circa (ca.), for works produced within the last several centuries, use a 10-year span for start date and end date (e.g., subtract five years from start date and add five years to end date to create a 10-year span (e.g., creation display date = ca. 1860 could be indexed start date = 1855, end date = 1865)."

CONA ID 700008596

Example: When a particular year is unknown

 When date or range is uncertain, express what is known, e.g., "completed by"

Start and End Dates

Catalog Level: item Class: sculpture Work Type: model Title: Wooden model for the façade of San Lorenzo, Florence Creator: Michelangelo Creation Date: completed by 1555 Current Location: Casa Buonarroti (Florence, Italy)

Creation Date: completed by 1555 Start: 1550 End: 1555

Statt, 1.12

General Subject: architecture Type: description

Specific façade

Descriptive Note: This is probably one of the two models described by Michelangelo in a letter to his brother, Lionardo, in September 1555. It was ...



CONA ID 700000162

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Possible resolutions if data is unknown or ambiguous: index using broader term or index both

Other Issues for Indexing

- When fields display to end users: Most fields in a work record are displayed to end-users, both the display fields and often also the indexing fields
- If a field is visible to the end user (even though also used in retrieval), do not make wild estimations or guess
- However, if a specific value is in question, use a broader value or use both of two possible values, depending upon the circumstances



When to use a broader value

- Use Getty Vocabularies to choose broader values; a broader value is the parent in the hierarchical display
- Various issues regarding work type, style, etc. are discussed in CONA documentation

Other Issues for Indexing

- Work Types, materials, culture: Using the AAT, choose the most specific term appropriate; however, do not guess
- For example, if you are not sure if the process by which the work was made is *steel engraving*, use the broader term *engraving*
- For any uncertain or ambiguous situations, explain in a display field or the descriptive note
- For further guidance, see CONA Guidelines:
 "3.6.1.2 Work Type," "3.6.2.2 Material Term," "3.6.2.15 Culture Term"

Example: Index to specificity known

("Specificity and Exhaustivity" are discussed in more detail above)

Materials Indexing Terms

Catalog level: item Classification: prints Work type: steel engraving Title: A mandarin paying a visit of ceremony Title: Mandarin rendant une visite de c\$00er\$00emonie Date: published: ca. 1845 Creator Display: Fox, Angus, after drawing by Thomas Allom; published by Fisher, Son and Company Related Person: Fox, Angus (British printmaker, 19th century) role: engraver Related Person: Allom Thomas (British architect, 1804-1872) role: draftsman .845) role: publisher Materials Display: steel engraving, hand colored Materials Index: steel engraving (printing process) [AAT] hand coloring [AAT] ink [AAT] nty, California, paper [AAT] pe: publication

General Subject: event | human figures

Specific Subject: mandarin (public officer) [AAT] | visit of state (cultural ceremony) [AAT] | palanquin (litter) [AAT] | procession (cultural ceremony) | Chinese (culture) [AAT]

Hierarchy: part of Movable Work: From series: China illustrated. Publication: Paris : Fisher, Son and Company,

If it were not known that this technique is *steel engraving*, cataloger should use the broader AAT term *engraving*



Example: Standard materials may not apply

Materials Indexing Terms

Catalog level: other Classification: installations Work Type: installation Title: Four Corner Piece

Materials Display: installation with four cameras and four monitors *Materials Index:* variable media [AAT]

Components:

monitors (data processing equipment) [AAT] cameras (photographic equipment) [AAT]

- For installations, performance art, new media, standard materials may not apply
- E.g., the elements of the installation may be components instead of media



Getty
When to index both possible values

- Indexed place names display to the end user
- Various issues regarding location are covered in CONA documentation

Issues for Indexing

- Locations: For example, if sources disagree about whether a work was created in 15th-century Bruges or Brussels, you could
 1) index the culture as *Flemish* (encompassing both Bruges and Brussels during this period), and/or
 2) index both cities using TGN; links to TGN should be repeatable
- Explain in the Descriptive Note that scholars disagree regarding if the work was created in Bruges or Brussels
- For further guidance, see CONA Guidelines:
 3.6.1.19.5.2 How to record the Location

• Flags: For flags and other fields that are not repeatable, where you must choose one value only, make the **Getty** set choice possible based on the information at hand

Example: When the location could be either of two places

Location

Catalog level: item Classification: manuscripts Work Type: folio Title: Bishop Theophilus Finding the Grave of Saint Anthony Creator: Master of the Brussels Romuléon or workshop (Flemish, active about 1465) Culture: Flemish

Locations: Current: I. Paul Getty Museum at the Getty Center (Los Angeles, Los Angeles

Culture: Flemish

Locations:

Current: J. Paul Getty Museum at the Getty Center (Los Angeles, California, United States) [ULAN 500329598] Repository Numbere. 83.MN.127.29; Ms. Ludwig XI 8, fol. 29

Other: Bruxelles [TGN 7007868] Type: creation Other: Brugge [TGN 7007867] Type: creation

Saint Anthony (IA)

chy: part of Invention et translation du corps de Saint Antoine

- Creation location for this work may be either of two places
- Explain in the Descriptive Note, but index both places to allow retrieval by either



Example: When creator is a known individual

- Creator Display includes name in natural order and a brief display biography
- Creator may be one person
- Creator is linked to ULAN

Creator and other people

Cat. level: item

Classification paintings Work Type painting | leaf Title Sitting on Rocks Gazing at Clouds

Title 宋 李唐 坐石看雲

Title Assis sur des rochers en regardant les nuages

Creator Display:

Li Tang (Chinese painter, 1050s-after 1130) Person: [ULAN 500321561]

Creation Date 12th century Culture: Song dynasty General Subject landscapes Specific rocks | clouds Current Location National Palace Museum (Taipei, Taiwan) Dimensions 27.7 x 30 cm Mat & Tech: album leaf, ink and colors on silk



Example: When creator is a corporate body

Creator and other people

Catalog level: item Classification sculpture Work Type figurine Title Beltrame di Milano

Creator Display: Meissen Porcelain Manufactory (German porcelain factory, 1710 to the present) Corp. Body: [ULAN 500054662]

Creation Date ca. 1720 General Subject literature Specific Beltrame di Milano | Commedia dell'Arte Current Location J. Paul Getty Museum (Los Angeles, California); 86.DE.542 Creation Place: Meissen (Germany) Dimensions 6 1/2 x 2 11/16 x 2 5/8 inches Mat & Tech: hard-paste porcelain Creator may be a *corporate body*, defined as two or more people working together (not necessarily "incorporated")



Example: When creator is anonymous

Anonymous creators

Catalog level: item Classification enamels Work Type triptych Titles The Last Judgment

Creator Display: Master of the Orléans Triptych

(French, active late 15th–early 16th century)

Person: [ULAN 500005454]

Creation Date ca. 1500 General Subject religion and mythology Specific Last Judgement Current Location Metropolitan Museum of Art (New York, New York): 1975.1.1225 Dimensions center plaque 25 x 22 cm; left plaque 25 x 10 cm; right plaque 25 x 10 cm Mat & Tech: painted enamels on copper, partly gilded

- Hand is identified
- Known by appellation devised by scholars or repositories
- Nationality and dates surmised from loci and dates of activity





Example: When creator is unknown

Unknown creators

Catalog level: item Classification ceramics Work Type vessel Titles Vulture Vessel

Creator Display: unknown Aztec

Cultural Group: [ULAN 500202913]

Creation Date 1200/1521 General Subject utilitarian objects Indexing Type: isness religion and mythology Specific Subject

New World vulture (Cathartidae (family))

Current Location Metropolitan Museum of Art (New York, New York): 1981.297 Creation Place: Mexico Dimensions height: 8 3/4 inches Mat & Tech: ceramic Culture: Aztec

- Identity of hand is unknown
- Creator field refers to culture of creation, not an individual
- If creator is missing in contributed data, map from Culture



Example: When creator is qualified

Attribution qualifiers

Catalog Level: item

Class: decorative arts • furniture *Work Type: side chair Title : Side chair Current Location: Metropolitan Museum of Art (New York, New York, USA) ID: 62.16

Creator Display: attributed to Samuel McIntire (American, 1757-1811) Role: designer Person: McIntire, Samuel Qualifier: attributed to

- Use an attribution qualifier if the attribution to a given named artist is not certain
- Link to the named artist



Example: When to include style and culture

- May record Style and also Culture
- May specify "Type" if desired

Style and culture

Catalog Level: component Class: manuscripts Work Type: illumination Title: A Crowd Watches a Flying Pelican Luring Smaller Birds into Its Large Beak Creator: Shaykh Azari Creation Date: 1613 Current Location: Walters Art Museum (Baltimore, Maryland) Accession No. W.652.162A 1' T ' л [•] 11 тт

Style etc.: Safavid Type: dynasty

Culture: Islamic

Dynasty: Safavid

Getty

Reign: Shah Abbas (1585-1628)

Creation Location: Afghanistan

Ownership/Collection History: Henry Walters, Baltimore [date and mode of acquisition unknown]; Walters Art Museum, 1931, by bequest.





Unknown and Undetermined

- What should the cataloger do if core information is limited or not available?
- When an element is indicated as required, this means that the element must be included
- However, it is recognized that occasionally data for any element may be missing during the cataloging process



Unknown and Undetermined

- Knowing that information is unknown or undetermined is important to users, particularly for the required core fields
- Values for required fields must be supplied, even when the information is unknown or uncertain
- When the information is unknown at the time of cataloging, include an appropriate designation indicating the state of knowledge or availability of information
- For fields that are not core, the cataloger may leave the field blank or null, or include *unknown* etc. if so desired by the cataloging institution
- Note that null values will not be displayed to end-users and will likely be omitted in transfer of data; values such as *unknown* should be include in data exchanges and publications of the data



- When information is unavailable at the time of cataloging, the cataloger may use values such as unknown, unavailable, undetermined, or not applicable, provided documentation or context explains to the user the meaning of these words for the given field
- For required fields and in other contexts, including such values is better than omitting the information entirely, particularly when the possibility exists for the record to be enhanced in later passes at cataloging, or to provide clarity in retrieval and research
- Has the cataloging institution simply forgotten to include the information?
- Or has the field been considered, but at this time the information is not available?
- Including such values for unavailable information clarifies the situation for users, while a blank field does not

• Knowable information

- For information that is knowable but simply unknown by you, always use a more general term or omit the information
- When the lack of knowledge is due to your ignorance regarding the issue, do not use terms such as "probably" or "perhaps" because this implies that scholars are uncertain of this information

• Debated information

• For information that is unknowable because scholars disagree because the historical or archaeological information is incomplete or interpretation of the information is debated, you may use terms such as "probably" or "perhaps" to explain the ambiguity or uncertainty in a Display Date or Scope (Descriptive) Note

- In various fields, rules regarding how to deal with unknown information, uncertainty, and ambiguity may differ
- One of the most common ways of dealing with such information is to state the vagary in a display field, and then to index with all authoritative, probable terms for that display
- Another common method, for fields without accompanying display fields, is to index using a broader term that is known to be correct, rather than a narrow term that could be incorrect



Using the hierarchy for indexing

Work Types:

Titles:

kraters)

(hierarc

Classific

Creation

Creator

Painter)

Location Current

United (Corp.

Reposit Credit 1

Other: (Greece

Display



- Index with a specific narrower term only if information is supplied by sources
- if unknown, use a broader term, even "vessel"

CONA ID: 700006516

Using the hierarchy for indexing

Catalog level: item Class.: textiles Work type: tapestry

Titles: Tapestry: Le Cheval rayé from Les Anciennes Indes Series (preferred,C,U,English-P,U,U) Tapestry: The Striped Horse from The Old Indies Series (C,U,DE,undetermined,U,U) Catalog Level: item

Creator Display:

Woven at Gobelins Tapestry Manufactory; after cartoon by Albert Eckhout and Frans Post, painters

Creator Display: Woven at Gobelins Tapestry Manufactory; after cartoon by Albert Ecknout and



- Index with a specific narrower corporate body only if information is supplied by sources
- if unknown, use a broader entity "Gobelins"

Gobelins

ULAN

Index

Gobelins Furniture Manufactory Gobelins Marquetry Studio Gobelins Pietra Dura Studio Gobelins Metalwork Studio Gobelins Engraving Studio Gobelins Silversmiths' Studio Gobelins Painting Studio Gobelins Sculpture Studio Gobelins Tapestry Manufactory Gobelins Dye Works



http://www.richardmeier.com/

Getty

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Disagreement among Sources

- Know your sources
- When two sources disagree, prefer the information obtained from the most scholarly, authoritative, recent source



Getty

Subject Access to Art Works



Indexing Subject

- Indexing subject matter may use all Getty Vocabularies
- Subject access is discussed in detail in a separate training module
- Please review this presentation:

http://www.getty.edu/research/tools/vocabularies/subject_access_for_art.pdf



What are General Subject and Specific Subject?

- General Subject: Required to include one general subject
- Controlled by an extensible list, not directly linked to Getty Vocabularies but mapped to AAT
- Purpose is to place the depicted subject in a broad category; count nouns are plural
- Specific Subject: Optional but highly recommended
- Add terms to describe subject as specifically as possible
 - However, index only the most important characteristics or topics
- Controlled by AAT, TGN, ULAN, CONA, and the IA
- Purpose is to index subject and allow retrieval using Getty Vocabularies
- May repeat same concept as in General Subject, but more specifically if possible
- Avoid repeating the Work Type if possible
- You may instead use one repeatable Subject field, if your system so dictates; in this presentation, extrapolate useful information for your situation
- You may instead link to Iconclass, LOC Authorities, etc., if these terms are already incorporated in their local data

General Subject

General Subject: Extensible list, mapped but not linked to AAT.

For definitions see the Scope Note for the term in the AAT.

					31412	natural phenomena
	Code	Description	30611	furnishings	31413	agriculture
	30001	undetermined	30612	furniture	31414	labor
	30002	not applicable	30701	genre	31501	utilitarian objects
	30101	advertising and commercial	30710	games and sports	31502	object components
	30102	allegory	30801	history and legend	31511	ornament
	30103	animals	30802	human figures	31551	documents
С	30104	apparel	30851	humor and comedy	31552	law
e		architecture	30901	interior architecture	31553	science
oject	30106	landscape architecture	30902	installation	31554	philosophy
·		activity	30906	industry	31601	performance art
n the	30201	botanical	31201	landscapes		portraits
list	30205	biographical	31202	literary		performing arts
nded		cartographic	31301	machines and equipment		violence
ude	30302	ceremonial objects	31302	military	31801	religion and mythology
bjects	30303	cityscapes	31304	marines	31901	seascapes
ed,	30305	calligraphic	31310	monuments and memorials	31902	still lifes
, ,	30306	costume	31320	musical	31903	sites
, AN,	30401	didactic and propaganda	31401	nonrepresentational art	31910	satire
DNA	30405	documentary	31402	figurative art	31922	structures
	30411	decorative arts	31403	abstract art	31925	symbols
vorks	30498	engineering	31404	conceptual art	31935	text
1	30501	events	31405	numismatic	31936	textile
	30600	fine arts	31406	philatelic		travel
	30601	funerary		natural objects	31961	various subjects
	30605	fantasy		-	31965	found objects
					31967	time-based works the Getty Vocabularies

• Required to include one general subject terms from the extensible list

 Recommended to also include specific subjects as warranted, using AAT, TGN, ULAN, IA, and CONA itself for works depicted in works

Getty

Specific Subject is controlled by AAT, ULAN, TGN, CONA, and IA Power of the synonyms and associative relationships, and biography

- By linking to AAT, you have the power of synonyms, the hierarchy, associative relationships, and other links to power retrieval on Subject
- By linking to ULAN, you have the power of synonyms, biographical information, associative relationships, hierarchy for corporate bodies, and other links that may aid in retrieval



CONA ID 70000215 Catalog Level: item Class: paintings Work Type: painting **Title: Magdaleine Pinceloup de la Grange** Creator Display: Jean-Baptiste Perroneau (French painter, ca. 1715-1783) *Current Location: J. Paul Getty Museum (Los Angeles, California, USA) ID: 84.PA.664

General Subject: portraits

Specific Subject:

- Pinceloup de la Grange, Magdaleine (French aristocrat, 18th century)
- Felis domesticus (species)
- single-sitter portrait

siemption: The suffer was from the provincing I rench region of Orleans, but the artist imbued her w fac.
ote Source: J. Paul Getty Museum online: (accessed 10 February 2009)
tatid Work-Rehisonship type [cont.]: pendatart of is to work? Charles-Francos France Strane, Iran-Bursiste Perroreau, vainting, 1747, 844.

Getty

ULAN ID 500312828

• Pinceloup de la Grange,

• Parseval, Magdaleine

spouse of Pinceloup de la

Grange, Charles-François

AAT ID 300265960

• domestic cat (species)

• house cat (species)

• Felis catus (species)

• Felis domesticus

Related Person

Names

Terms

(species)

Magdaleine

Specific Subject is controlled by AAT, ULAN, TGN, CONA, and IA Power of synonyms, hierarchy, relationships, coordinates, historical

- TGN for subjects that are geographic places; in turn linked to GIS and other geo-data
- CONA for subjects that are architecture or other works, includes dates, materials, patrons, etc; here an important portrayal of critical built work as it looked in 1400s

TGN ID 7002473

Names

- İstanbul
- Constantinople
- Konstantinopel
- Κωνσταντινούπολις
- Kostantīnīye • قسطنطينية

Related Places

located onSilk Road Coordinates

Lat: 41.0110 Long: 28.9578 Hierarchies

[parents = Turkey, Ottoman Empire, Byzantine Empire, etc.] CONA: ID 700008633 Class.: manuscripts maps Work Type: cityscape map **Titles: Map of Constantinople Karte von Konstantinopel** Creator: Cristoforo Buondelmonti Date: 1422 Current Location: Bibliothèque nationale de France (Paris, France)

General Subject:

cityscapes architecture

Specific Subject:

Constantinople (inhabited place)

Liber insularum arcmpelagi COMA 700000034

Hagia Sophia (built work)



Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

Specific Subject is controlled by AAT, ULAN, TGN, CONA, and IA

- The Getty Iconography Authority contains records for named events, religious/mythological iconography, fictional characters and places, themes from literature
- Linked to the other Getty Vocabularies

AAT ID 300191778 Terms

- skeleton [English]
- beendergestel [Dutch]
- esqueleto [Spanish]
- squelette [Italian]
- •骨架 [Chinese]

IA ID 1000045

- Names
- Xibalba
- Place of Fear

Getty

General Subject:

• religion and mythology [General Subject ID 31801]

Specific Subjects:

- Baby Jaguar (Maya character) [LA 901002211]
- Chahk (Maya deity) *[LA 901002210]*
- •Witz creature (Maya creature) [IA 901002213]
- dog (species) [AAT 300250130]
- firefly [AAT 300438629]
- skeleton (animal component) [AAT 300191778]
- •ax (weapon) [AAT 300024664]
- altar *[AAT 300003725]*
- rain *[AAT 300055377]*
- Life and Death *[LA 901002294]*
- Xibalba (Maya underworld) *[LA 1000045]*





Sample Scenarios



Sample Scenario 1

- Issue: If two authoritative sources disagree on the date of creation of a work (one prefers ca. 1510, but another of equal authority prefers ca. 1525), what should you do?
- **Resolution:** This dispute may be referenced in a display date: created ca. 1510 or ca. 1525, and explained more fully in the Descriptive Note
- Then the dates for retrieval on creation date should encompass the full range of possible dates, also estimating a range of a few extra years to include the uncertainty of ca.: Earliest: 1505; Latest: 1530
- NB: If the work is in the possession of a repository, the opinion of the repository should take precedence over varying opinions by outside scholars; however, the full scholarly debate should be represented as possible, with methods of doing so varying dependent upon the field

Sample Scenario 2

- **Issue:** If the available authoritative information indicates a work is made of metal, but the cataloger consulting an illustration feels it looks like silver, what should she do?
- **Resolution:** The cataloger should never rely upon their own judgment with such lack of substantiating evidence
- The cataloger should index the material as the general *metal* rather than risking the introduction of erroneous more specific information

Getty

Sample Scenario 3

- **Issue:** If one source calls the work by an anonymous artist *French* and a second source calls it *Flemish*, what should you do?
- **Resolution:** For display, the cataloger should not necessarily state that the work is *French* or *Flemish* in a note field, because this implies that scholarship agrees it could be either
- Instead, the cataloger should state the cultural origin of the work based on the most reliable, recent sources
- Perhaps with further investigation, the cataloger will discover that although it was in the 19th century considered French, modern scholars agree it is Flemish
- If indeed modern scholars differ on their opinions and are equally divided, then the cataloger may indeed state *French or Flemish*
- In either case, even when the work was <u>formerly</u> known as French, the cataloger should <u>index</u>
 <u>both</u> French and Flemish for retrieval

How to Find Terms in the Getty Vocabularies



How to find terms in the Getty Vocabularies

- Use online search (or Vocabularies as integrated into your system). Search for the term you need.
- Before choosing a term, be certain that the term is defined as you intend. Look at the Scope Note.
- Getty search is set by default to search for keywords. If you get too many results and want to search for an exact match, use quotes [e.g., "paint"]
- If no appropriate term is returned, try broadening the search using a wild card (asterisk) [e.g., silica*].
- Use Boolean operators (OR or AND) to get a smaller set of terms from which to choose [e.g., paint AND oil].
- You may combine Boolean operators logically [e.g., (silica* OR vitre*) AND paint]
- Each online Vocab search also allows searching in other fields, not just on the term field. Try looking in another field to get a set of results from which to choose. E.g., in TGN, l;ook for place type "archaeological site" and nation "Egypt" instead of searching by term/name

Getty

How to find terms in the Getty Vocabularies

• If still no appropriate term is returned, try looking for a similar concept or a presumed parent concept.

Go to that concept in the hierarchy, and scan the siblings and broader contexts in the hierarchy for an appropriate term.

E.g., if you need the term for a particular type of paint, look at the children under *paint*.

Top of the AAT hierarchies ~ Materials Facet \mathbf{A} Materials (hierarchy name) \mathbf{A} ~ materials (substances) $\overline{}$ <materials by function> \sim coating (material) \sim <coating by form> paint (coating) ➡ <paint by composition or origin> \mathbf{A} aluminum paint enamel paint encaustic paint metallic paint \mathbf{A} \mathbf{A} oil paint (paint) red oxide (paint) silicate paint spray paint synthetic resin paint \mathbf{A} vitreous paint \mathbf{A} water-base paint \mathbf{A} <paint by function> architectural paint artist's color

How to find terms in the Getty Vocabularies

See the search tips on each Vocab's site

Search the TG	N		? Help
Find Name or ID:			Search
Place Type: Lookup Nation: Lookup			<u>Clear</u>
200100	Pop-up Search	Browse the TGN hierarchies	

Copyright information

Search Tips

For the Find Name field, you may use **AND** and **OR** [e.g., 1) san carlos, 2) carlos OR charles, 3) carl* OR charl*, 4) san AND carlos, 5) carlos AND (san OR saint), 6) (carlos OR charles) AND (san OR saint)] Boolean operators must be in all caps (AND and OR). Wildcard is the asterisk (*); right truncation only. To find an exact match rather than a key word, use quotes [e.g., "carlos"]. There is an implied AND between the Find Name, Place Type, and Nation fields.

AAT

Search Tips

For the Find Term or Note field, you may use **AND** and **OR** (all in upper case) [e.g., 1) windsor chairs, 2) chairs OR rockers, 3) chairs OR rockers OR armchairs, 4) bow-back AND windsor, 5) windsor AND (rockers OR chairs), 6) (windsor OR boston) AND (rockers OR chairs)]. Wildcard is the asterisk (*); right truncation only. To find an exact match rather than a key word in the Find Term field, use quotes [e.g., "chairs"]. If you wish to search the term and note together, click on the buttons for AND or OR.

ULAN Search Tips

For the Find Name field, you may use **AND** and **OR** [e.g., 1) eldon garnet, 2) garnet OR carnet, 3) garnet OR carnet OR karnette, 4) eldon AND carnet, 5) eldon AND (garnet OR carnet), 6) (eldon OR elton) AND (garnet OR carnet)]. Boolean operators must be in all caps (AND and OR). Wildcard is the asterisk (*); right truncation only. To find an exact match rather than a key word, use quotes [e.g., "carlos"]. There is an implied AND between the Find Name, Role, and Nationality fields.

CONA

Search Tips

Use any of the 10 fields in this form to search for CONA records. Multiple terms may be entered in most fields in the form. Assume Boolean "or" between values within one field and Boolean "and" between fields. You may type search terms directly into the form. Alternatively, use the "Lookup" option to find terms in AAT, TGN ULAN, or IA. Choose terms and click "Return to CONA. In a Lookup search window, use Boolean uppercase OR or AND.

ΙA

Search Tips

Currently in IA, searches may be made only on title. (We plan to allow searching on additional fields via this form in the future.) Keyword searching is the default. If you wish to search for an exact match, use quotation marks [e.g., "Buddha"]. Use Boolean uppercase OR or AND [e.g., Life AND Saint]. The wildcard is asterisk (*) [e.g., Africa*].

Indexing Exercises



1. Find terms in AAT to index display materials and techniques Title: Vase of Flowers Creator: Jan van Huysum (Dutch painter, 1682-1749) Current Location J. Paul Getty Museum (Los Angeles,

CA); 82PB:70



Display Materials & Techniques
oil on panel

Index:

	AAT term	AAT ID	
Get	ty	CONA ID: 700000101 Indexing Using the G	Getty Voc

Which homograph to use? "oil" in such a materials statement is short for "oil paint"		 oil (organic material) (organic material, <materials by="" composition="">, Materials (hierarchy name)</materials> oiling (<processes and="" by="" specific="" techniques="" type="">, Processes and Techniques [300374933]</processes> oil (process) 		
Display Materials & Te oil on panel	1 (<pa< td=""><td colspan="3">oil paint (paint) (<paint by="" composition="" or="" origin="">, paint (coating), Materials (hierarchy oil (paint)</paint></td></pa<>	oil paint (paint) (<paint by="" composition="" or="" origin="">, paint (coating), Materials (hierarchy oil (paint)</paint>		
Index:			curtain walls (fortification elements) (defensive walls, <defensive and="" defensiv<br="" walls="">name)) [300002504] panel ()</defensive>	
AAT term		A	panel (wood by form) (<wood by="" form="" function="" or="">, wood (plant mater</wood>	
oil paint		300015050	<pre>panel (photograph size) (card photographs sizes, <size [300246102]<="" f="" for="" name))="" photograph="" pre=""></size></pre>	
panel (wood by form)		300014657	panels (meetings) (meetings, events (activities), Events (hierarchy	
To find a smaller number of results get an exact match rather than keywo homograph is correct?	panel (meeting) panels (surface components) (surface element components, <surface (hierarchy="" (surface="" [300069079]="" component)<="" element="" name))="" panel="" td=""></surface>			
2. Find terms in AAT to index display materials and techniques

Title: A mandarin paying a visit of ceremony Creator Display: Fox, Angus, after drawing by Thomas Allom; published by Fisher, Son and Company Current Location: Getty Research Institute, Special Collections (Los Angeles, CA)



Display Materials & Techniques steel engraving, hand colored

Index:

	AAT term	AAT ID
-		
-		
<u>_</u>	+ <u></u>	

Which homograph to use? Best to use process, not "visual work" which would be **work type**, not **materials and technique**

	steel engraving (printing process) (engraving (printing process), intaglio printing process name)) [300190536] engraving, steel (printing process)
Display Materials & Techniques	steel-engraving (printing process)
steel engraving, hand colored	steel engravings (visual works) (engravings (prints), intaglio phyts, Visual and Verba [300041363]
Index:	engravings, steel (visual works) steel engraving (visual work)

AAT term	AAT ID
steel engraving	300190536
hand coloring	300133555

So you have the techniques (processes), what about medium and support, which are not mentioned here? Add *ink* and *paper*? Recommended, <u>but only if</u> you are certain, based on other documentation. To find all works on paper, *paper* must be indexed.

3. Find terms in AAT to index display materials and techniques

Title/Name: Empire State Building Creator Display: William F. Lamb for Shreve, Lamb and Harmon Location: New York (NY) Address Note: 40°44'54.36"N 73°59'08.36"W ; 350 5th Ave, New York, NY 10118

Display Materials & Techniques

steel frame clad in Indiana limestone and granite, with the mullions lined in shiny aluminum; spandrels are sandblasted so that tone matches windows, visually creating vertical striping

Index:

	4.0	-			
芁	C. Salle				23,5 10 10
a t	1 1	行业		北濱	
100		N. P. In		illin 3	

AAT term	AAT ID

The indexing terms may be more or fewer than noted in the display statement. How exhaustive should you be? What is necessary for retrieval for your project? How much time do you have to complete the project?

Display Materials & Techniques

steel frame clad in Indiana limestone and granite, with the mullions lined in shiny aluminum; spandrels are sandblasted so that tone matches windows, visually creating vertical striping

Index:

AAT term	AAT ID
steel frame construction	300015341
Indiana limestone	300011321
granite (rock)	300011183
++	

5. Find people in ULAN to index Creator Display

Creator Display

unknown Chinese architect, under Emperor Qianlong (1711-1799)

Index:

ULAN	ULAN ID	Role: AAT term	AAT ID



Title/Name: Hall of the Sea of Wisdom, the (temple (building) Location: Beijing (China)



Even if the creator is unknown, it should be indexed rather than being left blank. Creator indexing is a core field and should always have a value

Creator Display

unknown Chinese architect, under Emperor Qianlong (1711-1799)

Index:

ULAN	ULAN ID	Role: AAT term	AAT ID
unknown Chinese	500125222	architect	300024987
Qianlong, Emperor of China	500372572	patron	300115251

Getty

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

CONA ID 700009650

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

5. Find repository in ULAN and geographic location in TGN to index Locations

Location information

Los Angeles County Museum of Art; Purchased with funds provided by Mr. and Mrs. Edgar G. Richards (M.86.94.1); created in India, Karnataka or Andhra Pradesh

Index current location:

ULAN	ULAN ID	Repository Number
 T 1 .• 1 .•		

Index creation location:

	TGN	TGN ID	
(otty		
	Jetty	CONIA ID 700000650 Indexing Using th	e Getty Vocabularies





For works in repositories, include the repository ID for retrieval, if possible For uncertain creation location, include both possibilities for indexing

Location information

Los Angeles County Museum of Art; Purchased with funds provided by Mr. and Mrs. Edgar G. Richards (M.86.94.1); created in India, Karnataka or Andhra Pradesh

Index current location:

ULAN	ULAN ID	Repository Number		
Los Angeles County Museum of Art	500217563	M.86.94.1		
Index creation location:				
TGN	TGN ID			
Karnataka (state) (India)	1001882			
Andhra Pradesh (state) (India)	1001828			
(ettv				

6. Index Subject using all Vocabularies as necessary

Descriptive note

Crite thought of himself as an artist-reporter whose assignment was to capture the daily lives of ordinary people. His skill as an acute observer of American life is apparent in School's Out, which shows dozens of children leaving the annex of Everett elementary school in Boston's South End at a time when boys and girls were taught separately. Although Crite acknowledged that School's Out may reflect a romanticized view, it also presents a universal statement about community, stability, and the bonds of family life. (AAM)

Title School's Out
Creator Display: Allan Rohan Crite (American painter, 1910-1907)
Creation Date 1936
Current Location Smithsonian American Art Museum (Washington, DC) 1971.447.18



Getty

General Subject	ID

AAT	AAT ID

ULAN	ULAN ID

TGN	TGN ID
Getty	Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

	General Subject	ID
geni	re	30701

AAT	AAT ID
school	300266108
children	300025945
community (social issue)	300435377
family life	300435378

ULAN	ULAN ID
Everett Elementary School (Boston)	500487303

TGN	TGN ID
Boston (Massachusetts)	7013445

Getty

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

7. Index Subject using all Vocabularies as necessary

Descriptive note

This cylindrical drinking cup is the magnum opus of the Maya vase painter known as the Metropolitan Master. The overarching theme of this vessel is the necessary interaction of lifegiving rains and rotting death, the contrasts needed to produce life. The young rain god, named Chahk. In his right hand, he grasps the wooden handle of a shining stone axe, and his left hand holds an animate stone. The rain god actively engages with a giant agnathus creature, likely the representation of a witz, the spirit of a mountain, as his leg crosses in front of the upper lip while his left arm passes behind. The mountain monster has a feathered eyelid present on crocodilians in Maya art. Most significant about the zoomorphic mountain is the character reclining on top of it: the supernatural baby jaguar. The face of the jaguar baby character is clearly supernatural and contrasts sharply with Chahk's more human-like visage. Almost touching the baby jaguar is a frightening creature of the night, with a skeletal head marked with bone sutures and two extruded eyeballs. This is likely a death god, a denizen of the Maya underworld Xibalba, who plays a role in this myth of the birth of the baby jaguar. (Met)

Title: Vessel with Mythological Scene Creator Display: Metropolitan Master Current Location: Metropolitan Museum of Art (New York, New York, USA) ID: 1978.412.206



7. Index Subject using all Vocabularies as necessary

Title: Vessel with Mythological Scene Creator Display Metropolitan Master Current Location: Metropolitan Museum of Art (New York, New York, USA) ID: 1978.412.206







CONA ID 70000012

Indexing Using the Getty Vocabularies

General Subject	ID

AAT	AAT ID
IA	IA ID
P	

General Subject	ID
religion and mythology	31801
AAT	AAT ID
death gods	300435379
underworld	300343823
rain	300055377
death	300151836
skeleton	300191778
IA	IA ID
Chahk (Maya deity)	901002210
baby jaguar (Maya character)	901002211
Xibalba (Maya legendary place)	901000045

Getty

Thank you.

Patricia Harpring Managing Editor Getty Vocabulary Program

> pharpring@getty.edu vocab@getty.edu

